THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 162

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
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HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M. 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th 8 ptem'er	1867.
1st Kheswan, 30th Oc ober	"
1st Kislen, 29th November	"
1st Tebeth, 27th Jecember	"
1st Shebat, 28th January	1868.
1st Adar, 29th February	"
1st Nisan, 29th March	"
1st Iyar, 28 April	"
1st Sivan, 27 May	"
1st Tammuz 26th June	"
1st Ab, 26th July	"
1st Elul, 25th August	"

Ash Wednesday, 12th February.....1868.
Maundav Thursday, 9th April.
Good Friday, 10th April.
Easter Sunday, 12th April.
Ascension, 21st May.
Pentecost, 31st May.
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANDROMA, No. 165. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. B. B. Forster, 254 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

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LAULA SCOTT, No. 294. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. F. Woodward, Sec.

MANITOU, No. 29. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 30 (D. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—294 Front street. George Mellorah, 324, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 324, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

DERBY Council, No. 6. Meets M Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

UTENSE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

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294 Front Street.

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MICHIGAN Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellorah, 32d, G.: M.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASTILLA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarsh.; ; Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.: W.; ; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec'y.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIES Council of K—h, 30th, No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d,, Comm.; ; William Y. Circle 32d, Sec.

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Attachment Notice.

Before P. H. Heinrich, a Justice of the Peace of Shelby county, Tennessee.

A. J. White & Co. vs. D. Block.

IT appears from an affidavit filed in this case, that the said D Block is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee:

It is ordered, That publication be made in the Memphis Daily Appeal for four weeks from date of the pendance of said suit, and that he be required to answer the same in the time prescribed by law, or judgment will be rendered against him by default. Trial at 10 o'clock a m., on the 7th day of March, 1868.

F. H. HEINRICH, J. P.

February 6, 1868. feb7 lawiw

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN HALLUM, J. R. CHALMERS, T. B. TURLEY

HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY,

Attorneys at Law,

MADAM VINCENT'S BUILDING, East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

feb11 6m

Diseases of the Eye.

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Attorney at Law,

OFFICE IN BETHELL BLOCK, CORNER OF South Court and Main Streets, Memphis, Tennessee.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

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CLAY BUILDING.

ap6 nov22 ja5 d&wiy

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R. A. SANFORD. SAM'L TOOLE. S. R. GAMMON.

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237 Main Street, Memphis.

ja22 1m UP STAIRS.

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,

Office: No. 351 Main street,

(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)

Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,

DENTISTS,

HAVE removed the office to their old stand, over their Drug Store, No 318, Main street. dec6 tf

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS

No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

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J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

J. E. TEMPLE,

Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.

OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 17 Third Story, Titus Block. nov2

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

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JOHN K. WINCHELL,

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16 Madison Street—Room 13.

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MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

STATUS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I read with much pleasure your article in the APPEAL of Sunday, and admired its force and perspicuity. I heartily concur with the opinion you expressed in the first two small paragraphs upon the same subject, in the APPEAL of Thursday, to the effect that recession may be wrong as not based upon good and sufficient cause; that each State must judge for itself whether the wrongs it suffers justifies secession; and that "the others also have the same right to judge of it; and if they deem the cause insufficient, *to deny the right to secede, and prevent it if necessary, by arms.*"

Conceding these positions, what is the status of the Southern States? To answer this, we waive for the present the position maintained by the ruling party of the United States, which I call the Union party for distinction, that secession cannot be justified under any circumstances, by virtue of the nature of the Constitutional compact. We will consider secession as a right, for sufficient cause, and as a wrong which may be rightfully restrained without such cause; and of the sufficiency of the cause each party must, from the nature of the question, judge for itself. A State under the belief that the compact of Union has been grossly violated by the other States, and that its safety requires it to secede, and in the most imposing and formal manner decides that it will no longer be bound by the compact, and that it secedes from the Union; yet the other States, judging as they may for themselves, that there is no cause for such secession, and that a continued Union under the compact is important to their welfare, resolve to restrain, by force, the State from seceding; the secession of the State, then, is an issue to be decided by arms, and is not a fact accomplished until it is established by victory. Until that issue is decided by victory or treaty, secession—not the right, but the fact—is in abeyance. If the State seceded then she becomes a separate nation, free from the compact of Union; if she fail, she never accomplished her great object of being out of the Union; but the other States do accomplish their object *of retaining her in the Union*, bound by all the obligations of the compact of Union, and as a legitimate, necessary conclusion, entitled to all the benefits. The issue is reparation, secession from the Union under the Constitution, against confinement in the Union under the Constitution. In the latter case, the State, conquered, if you please, has all her rights under the compact unimpaired as soon as vanquished; other dedimation would be accomplished by the very party which fought to maintain the Union; the compact between the States would be violated, annulled, by the party which resorted to arms to maintain it inviolable. In the controversy, then, between the two parties in the late struggle, while war actually existed, the rights of war, as incident thereto between civilized States necessarily obtained; but upon the cessation of hostilities and of all resistance to the party fighting against secession, the Constitution and laws of the United States, with all the obligations and rights under them remained in the same force as existed before any attempt to secede.

I have thus far based my argument upon your position, in which I concur, that the political right or wrong of secession depended upon whether the Constitutional compact has been violated or not. But this is not the position assumed by the Union party in the late contest. This party maintained that a State could *not under any circumstances*, secede; that any State resistance of secession was null and void, and all who obeyed it were traitors; and that as soon as all opposition could be overcome, each State should have its rights in the Union unimpaired. The conclusion is the same logically in either case. In the first, secession was unjustifiable, and the compact of Union must not be impaired. Very consistent was the Union over all the States, as States, with the Constitution as laws, in full force. In the other case "*precluded secession* is neither more nor less than rebellion; and when the 'rebellion' was put down, the Union remained, not restored, unimpaired, as it existed by virtue of the Constitution all the time from its first formation, with the amendments since duly made. Thus the logical result must be the same, whether you admit or not the doctrine of secession, which I am not qualified by you. In either case the conclusion must be that the Union, that is, the Constitution of the United States, continued to exist in full force to their farthest bounds, and actually so enforced waged by the Government only to enforce obedience to the Constitution and laws. If you admit the right of secession, however qualified, then it must follow that those who resisted the United States Government in obedience to a seceding State, would not be guilty of treason; whereas they would be if secession be denied. This is the only difference.

The difference between you and myself is important. I desire to be distinctly understood. We agree in the right of secession when it is based upon a moral right and adequate cause. We agree that there was adequate cause. We agree that the controversy must judge for itself, and that the other States have the same right to judge that they have not violated the compact. The others may "deem the cause" for secession insufficient, deny the right to secede, *and prevent it if necessary, by arms.* That is precisely the case that did exist. The Southern States believed that they had sufficient cause to secede, and tried to do so. The other States deemed the cause insufficient, denied the right to secede, and prevented it by arms. That the Southern States did not secede; they were never out of the Union. It is true, they adopted ordinances of secession, and used all the means in their power to separate themselves effectually from the other States; but these denied the right, and exercised their right which you concede, to prevent, and they did prevent, secession by arms.

The attempt to secede was promptly met and prevented most effectually. Secession was not an accomplished fact. Then no State was out of the Union; and no State has, according to this argument, to be re-admitted in the Union. No State threw off or seceded from any of its obligations, however it may have sought to do so, from the Constitutional compact, nor lost any of its Constitutional rights. This is the logical conclusion from your premises, and not that the seceding States withdrew from, and are now out of, the Union. The practical consequences of this conclusion are important: First—Concede that a State has a right to judge whether it has sufficient cause to secede, and accordingly announces that it judges the cause sufficient, and takes the first great trial step by a solemn ordinance by its citizens in convention; then the war must be waged by the other States resisting upon the State as a political body to prevent it from doing a wrong, and to force it to do—what? Remain in the Union and to be obedient to the Constitution and laws. A war cannot go beyond its purpose without violating the very principle upon which it was first waged. As soon as the State is coerced, it is in the Union under the Constitutional obligations which it sought to throw off; and the State and all its citizens have all the Constitutional and legal rights which they had before. Second—The citizens of the State obeying its ordinance of secession could not be tried for treason.

There is another important view to take of this great controversy, which I beg you to indulge me to take. It is this: The right of secession under any circumstances, was a great issue between the sections, North and South. However earnestly asserted, it was as earnestly denied. War was the result; and after a terrible war, the North conquered. This, you will say, does not settle the abstract right—*the right* of the question. Admitted. Neither did the partition of Poland, the conquest of Scotland by Edward III., or of Ireland by England, settle any abstract right. But conquest has its rights and its duties and obligations. What has the victor declares to be his rights, he asserts and maintains by force. He must be respected; and the vanquished has only the dernier resort to assert the right of the conquered. Now the Northern States denied the right of secession most earnestly and persistently. They insisted that the ordinances of secession were null and void, and that no State could leave the Union an instant, or divest itself of the obligations which the Constitution imposed. With most extraordinary unanimity, those States announced to the world that the war was made to maintain the Union and the rights of all the States unimpaired. They conquered, and have the right of conquest to accomplish the object avowed in commencing and prosecuting the war—the right of conquest to maintain the Union inviolate, and the Constitution of the United States, with all its privileges and obligations, throughout the length and breadth of the land. The victors have the political right to maintain those objects, those principles, for which the war was waged. The vanquished should submit quietly thus far. But still humanity, civilization, justice, establish certain reciprocal obligations and benefits. The victors should honorably, honestly, humanely adhere to their avowed principles in waging war so as to afford the vanquished all the benefit of those principles, and to promote the happiness and prosperity of the conquered to the utmost extent consistent with justice. The victors are bound by the great organic law, the Constitution, which all the great officers of Government swear to obey. The vanquished have rights. They have the rights which humanity, civilization and inheritance of race assert. They have the right to hold the victors morally bound by their most solemn declarations before the world. They have the rights which the Constitution guarantees to the States, and to all the rights which are reserved to the States and the people. The States were never out of the Union, because the right to secede was effectually denied, and never admitted by the victors. We have our rights in the Union, if we cannot get out of it. Here we must take our stand.

SIDNEY HAMDEN.

AGRICULTURAL.

CULTURE OF POTATOES.

The farmers of Tennessee should raise potatoes in sufficient quantities not only to supply the demand for home consumption, but to furnish an article of commerce. Instead of that, thousands of barrels of potatoes are brought here from the Western markets and sold to the very men who should have potatoes to sell. Our soil will produce as fine potatoes as can be grown anywhere, if the proper attention be paid to their culture. We find in the Albany N. Y.) *Country Gentleman* some very valuable suggestions on this subject, and as the time for planting early potatoes will soon be at hand, we reproduce the article that our farmers may avail themselves of the information it imparts.

A Tennessee correspondent, who wishes to introduce a general or mixed system of husbandry on his plantation, asks for practical directions for the cultivation of the potato. In furnishing a few general directions, it is proper to remark that there is no crop requiring which their is a greater diversity of opinion on several points of management. Whatever we may say, therefore, will meet with great or less objection, especially from those who have made careful experiments in relation to disputed points, and have fully made up there minds, without further trials, under the varying circumstances of differing soils and reasons. We shall endeavor to give such views in relation to the matter, as have been well established by repeated practice under our own observation, or which will probably receive the assent of good cultivators.

The first important requisite is to reduce the soil to a proper condition. Potatoes are sometimes planted on sod recently inverted. In a few instances they succeed well; but they are more liked to suffer from drouth, except in wet seasons, and the practice is not therefore to be generally recommended. It is better to plow the previous autumn, and to reduce the soil to a high degree of pulverization. The additional plowing and harrowing required for this purpose, will be repaid several times by the ease, rapidity and perfection with which the planting and subsequent cultivation may be performed. If the seeds of weeds can be well worked out previously, it will save much labor in hoeing, and give a better crop.

The depth of the soil is another important requisite. The roots are less affected by drouth on the one hand, and confined rains on the other, when there is a deep bed of mellow soil for absorbing surplus water when it comes, and for retaining it through dry periods. Every one is aware that a dry season will often reduce the yield of potatoes, unto ordinary management, to one-half of the usual amount, or even one-fourth, when the summer proves to be an uncommonly dry one. Many instances of this kind occurred during the past summer throughout the middle and western sections of the country. Crops on soils, however, were but slightly affected. A striking instance was observed on the grounds of a neighbor who had recently made an underdrain through the center of a small field occupied this year with potatoes. The row which passed over the ditch, where the soil had been made deep and loose, yielded at least double the amount of any other row. Unless, therefore, the soil is already deep and loose, it should be turned over to a great a depth as can be done with a two horse plow; and if, in addition to this, a subsoiler can be used, all the better. Such treatment, more than anything else, will place the crop above any considerable degree of wet or dry seasons. As fresh manure is not the best thing for potatoes, deep cultivation alone will be found greatly superior to any manuring in connection with shallow plowing. If the soil is too poor, it is better that the manure be applied to a previous crop—or what amounts to nearly the same thing, that it be evenly spread on the land the previous autumn, allowed to soak in by the washing of rain, and thoroughly pulverized with the harrow the following spring before plowing. Manuring in the hill should never be practiced when there is any fear of rotting, unless with old pulverized manure or fine compost, and even then it is better if diffused broadcast through the soil, as the small fibrous roots of the plant soon extend several feet in every direction.

A great diversity of opinion exists on the subject of planting whole, cutting in large pieces, and cutting to single eyes, as well as in relation to the depth and distance for planting. All admit that planting potatoes whole, produces a greater number of stalks and more and smaller potatoes. The only advantage of cutting the whole potatoes, is that if they do not dry up so soon when planted late or in very dry earth. It will rarely happen that good, well pulverized soil will be found so dry as to require this. Planting in hills looks well, but may do for weedy land, as more of the work may be done by horse cultivation than when in drills or in rows but in one direction. The last named mode, however, will generally yield nearly double, as more of the soil is occupied with the tubers. The practice of cutting to three or four eyes, or to a single eye, must depend on circumstances. For ordinary management, or where the finest culture and best care cannot be given, pieces with three or four eyes may be set, planted, twelve to twenty inches apart in the row. This is the mode now most generally adopted by the better class of cultivators. But if the soil is in the finest condition, a large crop, with more uniformly large potatoes, may be obtained by adopting the single eye mode. For this purpose the tubers should be of fair size, and be cut some days before planting, so as to form a thin dry crust on the cut surface before depositing in the ground. Some cultivators regard it as important to roll the pieces in slaked lime or plaster, while others entirely disregard it. We are unable to say what amount of value the practice possesses. The distance should not exceed eight or ten inches in the row, but many vary with the character of the variety, for spreading at the top and at the roots—some varieties forming more compact masses of tubers than others.

There is another point upon which opinions differ—namely the influence of the size of the seed. It is commonly believed that small potatoes reproduce small ones, and that the crop is smaller than from large potatoes. This opinion is partly correct and partly erroneous. When small potatoes are planted, culls are commonly used to finish out vacancies and spare pieces of ground, which receive less care than the better and earlier planted portions of the crop. Again, small potatoes are oftener planted whole, yielding numerous stems and tubers at the expense of quantity. Hence the common opinion that small potatoes reproduce small ones. The truth is that the tubers are strictly underground swollen stems, the eyes being the buds; and large ones tend no more to reproduce large ones than large sticks used for grafting will ultimately make the largest trees, or that small trees set from a nursery will never spread out and form such bearers as large nursery trees. When the large and small potatoes are cut alike, with the same number of eyes, and planted in fine mellow earth, at a proper depth, where the moisture is sufficient to impart vigor to both without drying, the difference in the size of the potatoes yielded will be scarcely perceptible. This experiment we have repeatedly performed, and it accords with many reported results, where the above mentioned precautions are taken. There is generally, however, a difference in favor of the large seed, ascertained by careful measuring, and resulting doubtless from the greater vigor at the outset given to the young plants by the larger quantity of nutriment in the pieces. This difference, small as it is, is however sufficient to amount to several, and sometimes many bushels per acre—sufficient to warrant the selection of good medium-sized potatoes for seed. Two inches or two and a half inches in diameter is a suitable size. If much larger, they are little or no better, although requiring a large additional amount of seed per acre. For example—a potato three inches in diameter contains more than three times the bulk of one two inches in diameter, and twenty-seven times the bulk of one an inch in diameter. A larger potato, measuring four inches, will be sixty-four times the bulk of one measuring but an inch, and consequently sixty-four bushels of the larger potatoes would be required to afford as many eyes or stems as would be found in a single bushel of inch potatoes.

The tuber resembles the graft or shoot in another respect. The eyes at or near what is termed the root end, are smaller and more dormant than those at the eye end, in precisely the same way that the lower buds of a shoot on a tree are smaller, and are more tardy in breaking than the upper buds, while the terminal bud, like the terminal buds of the potato, is larger, and breaks sooner or more freely than any other. It is for this reason that those who raise potatoes for early market cut off the eye ends and keep them in a separate basket for early planting—reserving the rest for the main crop, and rejecting the root end altogether.

—Jacob C. Shaffer, late of Champaign county, Ohio, was arrested at Baltimore Thursday on a requisition from the Governor of Ohio, on a charge of rape. He was taken in charge by an officer from Cincinnati and conveyed to that city for trial.

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL OF THE HOLY CROSS.

MRS. KETCHUM, - Principal.

NO. 165 THIRD STREET, THE EASTER Session will open on MONDAY, February 3, 1868. French, Latin and Penell Drawing, without extra charge. Vocal and Instrumental Music by Miss Nora Bradford. jan29 1w

Park Avenue Academy,

THREE MILES FROM MEMPHIS, NEAR Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The object of this school is to prepare boys for the University of Virginia or any college, or for active duties of life. In the Primary Department special attention will be given to Reading, Writing and Spelling. The Principal has had ten years' experience in teaching in Alexandria, Richmond and Lynchburg, Virginia, and designs establishing a permanent school. The Academy is located in a community noted for its refinement and intelligence, and it is not far from the city. Religious services are held every Sunday. Board can be obtained near the school for $18 per month. The next session commences February 24. References: Dr. J. J. Williams, N. M. Trezevant, J. D. Kendrick, E. Rayner, Eqrs., Captain E. A. Cox, patrons; Rev. M. D. Hoge D.D., Rev. T. V. Moore, D.D., Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. L. Dabney, D.D., Rev. R. M. Smith, D.D., Union Seminary, Va.; Rev. J. R. Rasbey, D.D., Judge A. Wilson, Hon. R. B. Heath, com. Charles L. Cox, Va.; Col. C. S. Venable, University of Virginia, Prof. Wm. Dinwiddie, late University of Virginia.

jal8 2w* W. L. LULL, M.A., Principal.

NOTICE TO PARENTS.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND small Boys, on the 20 JANUARY, 1868 at the residence of Dr. G. B. Early, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church, for girls and small boys. dec8

THE MISSES BOWERS

WILL open the Spring Session of their school on Monday, the 27th of January, at their residence, No 108 Nonpareil row. They have engaged the services of Prof. Vilsbilhu, who will give instruction in French, *free of charge.* As evidence of the success attending their efforts, they would refer to their Editors, M. P. M. Cash, Gen. W. Y. C. Humes, Mr. B. S. Pulton, Mr. E. H. Wood, Mr. S. D. Read, Mr. W. P. Mitchel, and others.

ja21 feb1

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

SPRING SESSION, 1868.

WILL BEGIN ON

Monday, January 20, 1868.

For information as to Terms, etc., address

Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't,

dec22 d&w eod Franklin county, Ky.

LEE ACADEMY.

ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD, WE SHALL organize the Forms for the Spring Session, UNDER THE Professor VI schulin's classes, without CHARGE.

ja19 2w M. A. F. MORGAN, Principal.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal,

Poplar Street, East of Orleans.

THE NEW SESSION BEGINS FEBRUARY THIRD. ja16 2w

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,

(Formerly St. Lazarus.)

Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.

J. DUPREE Professor of Languages.

———, Professor Mathematics.

JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.

Session Opens Monday, September 2nd.

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics	$40 00
Junior, English Branches, Latin and Greek	30 00
Primary Department	20 00
☞ Payable in advance.	ja16

PATENT MEDICINES.

MRS. JACKSON'S

Queen Bess Complexion Wash.

THE following certificates, selected from hundreds in the possession of the proprietress, are confidently submitted to the public:

MRS. WOLCOTT'S CERTIFICATE.

QUINCY, Ill., November 5, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—It is with pleasure that I certify to you, that seven one of your circulars, which contained certificates and testimonials from the best physicians and the highest medical authorities of the United States, sent flying that your oils for the complexion and teeth were purely the oils, extracts and essences of flowers, and they warrant it when used according to directions to cure the worst and most difficult cases of nursing sore mouth, canker of the stomach, bowels and dyspepsia. For scrofulous disorders, when used both internally and externally, it has no equal. Dear Madam, seeing this, and my little daughter, aged fifteen months, having the whooping cough for several months, accompanied with what the doctors call white canker, her mouth and throat being terribly ulcerated, and having tried everything for its relief I could hear of, all to no purpose, I bought one bottle of your oil for the complexion, called "Queen Bess," went according to the directions, did not use quite one bottle, and I am most happy to state to you that it has cured my child. She is now as well and as fair as ever she was in her life. I give you this, my certificate, hoping you will publish it, that thousands of others who may be afflicted with any of the above affections may at once get a bottle of your "Queen Bess," for I feel sure they will find immediate relief. Yours respectfully,

MRS. WOLCOTT,

Jersey street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

MRS. WM. R. COLLINS' CERTIFICATE.

HANNIBAL, MO., August 22, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON. *Dear Madam*—I am most happy to inform you that after having suffered more than three years with the most complicated nursing sore mouth, or canker of the stomach and throat, I tried various remedies, but found nothing to do me any good until I heard of your oils for the complexion and teeth, called "Queen Bess." I bought one bottle, went according to directions, and am truly thankful to say I have found a permanent cure. Hoping you will publish this, that other poor sufferers may be benefitted by it, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

MRS. WM. B. COLLINS.

AGENTS WANTED—Male or Female, in every town and county in the United States, to introduce this celebrated preparation. Agents are now making from $150 to $250 per month, clear of expenses. Applications for agencies can be made for the present to Mrs. Jackson, at the Whitemore House, Adams street, between Third and Fourth, Memphis; or to the manufacturing depot, No. 113 Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo., either in person or by letter.

no27 tf

IN offering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their devisement they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomachic derangements prevalent our climate.

It is a gentle stimulant to the system after undergoing a severe illness.

It is a cure for Dyspepsia.

It assists Digestion.

It cures Diarrhea and Cholera Morbus.

It is a preventive for Chills and Fevers.

It is an invaluable companion for person traveling at all seasons of the year.

It is a HOME enterprise, and possesses true merit.

☞ Sold everywhere.

C. H. EBBERT & CO.,

Sole Manufacturers.

Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row,

feb6 tf Memphis, Tenn.

R. C. CRAIG & CO.,

SEED STORE,

379 Main Street,

JACKSON BLOCK, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Garden Seed, Garden Seed,

Grass Seed, Grass Seed,

Garden Implements, Garden Implements,

Fertilizers, Fertilizers.

AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE,

379 Main street, Jackson Block,

Jan28 3m Memphis, Tenn.

HILL & WHEELER,

GENERAL

Commercial and Claim Agents,

AGENTS FOR BANKRUPTS,

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, ETC., FOR ALL of the States and Territories, Commissioner for the United States District Court and Court of Claims at Washington, and NOTARY PUBLIC,

No. 19 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Especial attention given in preparing and filing papers for discharge in bankruptcy and claims against Bankrupts. All business entrusted to us will be executed with Dispatch and Economy to those applying. ja15 1m

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Administrator by the County Court of Shelby county upon the estate of William Brinkley, deceased, respectfully notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present them, duly certified, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate will come forward and settle the same, at No. 14 Monroe street.

JOHN H. BRINKLEY, Adm'r.

February 8, 1868. feb7 lawiw

INSURANCE.

EUROPEAN

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF LONDON.

Organized 1821.

Agency Established at 65 Wall St., New York, 1846.

Capital in Gold, : : $5,000,000

Surplus in Gold, : : 3,000,000

Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.

Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Dueling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.

Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.

GEORGE W. L. CROOK,

279 1-2 MAIN STREET

Gen'l for Tennessee and Kentucky.

ja19

S. R. CLARKE & CO.,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 18 Madison Street,

Knickerbocker Building.

Combined Cash Assets, - - $30 830,060.

WE have the pleasure of presenting to the notice of our friends the following array of the strength, solidity and unbounded liability by any Insurance Agencies in this country:

International Insurance Co., assets..... $ 1,400,000

Continental Insurance Co., assets..... 1,700,000

Astor Insurance Co., assets..... 400,000

Fulton Insurance Co., assets..... 300,000

North American Insurance Co., assets, 400,000

Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.—Gold, assets..... 17,000,000

Knickerbocker Life Ins. Co., assets..... 3,000,000

ja12

Southern

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE REMOVED

TO NO. 17 MADISON STREET.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the

Southern Life Insurance Company,

Of Memphis, held on the 21 instant the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Amos Woodruff,	Benj. Estes,
C. E. Norris,	F. S. Ellis,
L. Hopkins,	W. A. Gwynn,
F. B. Wills,	G. W. Gwynn,
S. W. Porter,	C. C. Spencer,
Jacob Weiler,	N. B. Forrest,
Frank White.	D. H. Le Bovoisa.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directory, the following officers were unanimously elected:

President..... S. W. MCALLEN.

Vice Presidents..... C. C. WORSLEY and SAM'L TATE.

Secretary..... BEN MAY.

Treasurer..... F. S. DUDLEY. nov26

UNITED STATES

Fire and Marine Insurance

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, FINANCIAL EDITOR.
HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.

Editorial Rooms—No. 14 JEFFERSON STREET, UP STAIRS.
Business Office—No. 13 JEFFERSON STREET.
Business Manager—JOHN AINSLIE.

AGENTS.

W. Ainslie, Travelling Agent.
J. D. Rasberry, general agent for Arkansas.
John E. Reardon, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Thruston, Van Buren, Ark.
Read Fletcher, Pine Bluff, Ark.
Jno. R. Eakin, Washington, Ark.
Rev. A. R. Winfield, Camden, Ark.
G. Joy, Bolivar, Tenn.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

No ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

No STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

No REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

No REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

No LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE.

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacy, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a progressional Executive committee for the 7th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS SURROUNDINGS.

The Conservative press, or Democratic, if you please, are beginning to "speak out in meetin'" and let the President know that the conciliatory, "let alone" policy is altogether too tardy and not vigorous enough to meet the demand of the times. He ought to be pretty well convinced by this time, that temporizing with those who baulk at nothing to accomplish their ends, subserves no useful purpose.

None can despise more than we do, that restless ambition for office which afflicts so many of our countrymen, and it is not that we would like to see Democrat or Conservative gratified in any selfish aspiration, but we do think, and maintain that no Executive can conduct a successful administration, whatever may be his abilities, without having friends in his counsels, who are governed by the same principles and views as those which actuate him. It is an impossibility for him to harmonize, where all is inharmonious, and these truths have been written in letters of light on the history of the last two years, while the struggle has been pending between the usurping Congress, and the departments it seeks to crush in its own unhallowed advancement.

Nothing is to be hoped from such men as those who sway the law-making powers of the Government, and deride the Constitution when it cannot be wrested to their purpose. Radicalism is the same everywhere. Here in Tennessee its "wrinkled front" presents the same abhorrent features that it wears at Washington. Even in our midst, still narrowing the orbit, there is no improvement of expression or profile. The reins are being tightened and Freedom is being driven to its doom. The abyss yawns, and no CURTIUS is prepared to appease its hungry jaws that his country may live. WADE and SUMNER and STEVENS and BOUTWELL and BINGHAM and the rest of the dark conspirators are gathered around the cauldron, and bat, newt and toad are lending their venom to the seething contents that are to be poured in wrath upon the country. Inspired by the fiend, these demons in the human form are preparing for the great sacrifice, when all that is left of good is to be offered up an oblation to the Mokanna they worship.

And these are the trusted servants of the people! These are the conspirators who resent the obstructions President JOHNSON has thrown in their way, by threatening impeachment. Threaten! They will try it as sure as the sun will rise, and they will accomplish it too. It is but another step. They have but brief time, and they will use it well. Infidels to their country, untrue to the records of the past, they plunge reckless into the future. Had they been met, when yet their contemplated villainy was young, with a strong and daring hand, their bantling might have been crushed with ease. Now it has grown into enormous proportions and become a monster. Does the country respond to them? Do the echoes of sweet music and the fragrance of frankincense and myrrh greet their senses—incense from the altars of grateful hearts? They disregard such offerings, and look alone to the propitiation of their fiend whom they still must follow.

The President may, and probably will, place GRANT *hors de combat*, but that will only make the pliant tool more fit associate for those who have been using him. The master-minds will still advance with redoubled energy to the accomplishment of their purpose of sweeping every obstacle from their path. We are grateful to the President for what he has done, and our sincere and heartfelt wish is that he may yet foil his enemies, for they are foes to their country. But he might have avoided the difficulties by which he is environed, if he had been more prompt, and had not relied on returning reason where there was chronic madness, and repentant tears where all was evil.

THE PRESIDENT ON GRANT.

We published yesterday, the letter of President JOHNSON, received by telegraph, in reply to the letters of GRANT, which Congress had with such hot haste asked for, expecting to derive some temporary success from a sudden publication of the correspondence, while GRANT had the last word. It was a short-lived triumph, if triumph it were, for there was that in GRANT'S last letter itself, which failed to convince, and the "great military chieftain" cuts a very ridiculous figure after the President's *expose*. To the consternation of GRANT and his backers, the members of the Cabinet sustain the President in his interpretation of the language employed at the interview which GRANT'S memory did not retain, and which is entirely destructive of the position he occupied in the correspondence. The President convicts him of duplicity, insubordination, and equivocation, and has the evidence of five Cabinet Ministers to sustain him, while GRANT is without witness, and has his word alone to meet this accumulated testimony. The letter of the President is calm, dignified and conclusive. He evidently felt the superiority of his position, and after stating the case clearly, left the recusant ex-*ad interim* to chew the cud of melancholy reflection. GRANT rejoins, after his sad discomfiture, that he "did not propose to disobey any legal order of the President distinctly given," and relies on for his obedience to STANTON against the President's order, that he had been recognized by the Secretary of the Treasury and Postmaster General.

The position of GRANT is indeed pitiable. The treachery to his superior and commanding officer is completely established, and he stands before the nation that had lately been ready to do him so much honor, in a light that must make him shrink within himself, if he has left any of the feelings of a man. He has consented to be the instrument of a miserable cabal, to aid in the embarrassment if not overthrow of an administration he was bound in all honor to support, and has shown himself unworthy of trust—a mere cat's paw—faithless to those confiding in his integrity, and willing to be used by traitors to go to any extreme to carry out their iniquitous schemes.

GRANT AND STANTON.

The difference between the two is great—the one being the mere likeness of a man, while the other is crafty, wily, adroit, unscrupulous, ambitious, and intensely selfish. He is persevering, too, and as to feeling, has the hide of a rhinoceros. He is the arch-conspirator aiming at the downfall of the Administration, although to subserve his own ends, through all indignities, he consents to be thrust upon it against its inclination. He has forfeited all title to the consideration of honorable men, and the greatest atrocities of the war may be traced to his door. It was doubtless at his instance the Tenure-of-office act was passed—that he might retain office against the President's invitation to retire. He has no excuse, for he himself, notwithstanding his complicity in its preparation, pronounced it unconstitutional with the lying lips of a JUDAS. He has ruined GRANT for all time to come in the estimation of honorable men. With his own eyes upon the Presidency, he perhaps was unwilling to see another prospering, and contrived his fall. Bold and resolute, France had no darker, more malignant spirit during the bloodiest days of her Revolution than EDWIN M. STANTON. MARAT, ST. JUST, ROBESPIERRE are all represented in him. He must have seen and known that GRANT was making an ass of himself, and doubtless prepared or advised the correspondence which was to result in his ruin. He is too astute and acute to have been blind to the defects in GRANT'S unstatesmanlike and weak defense; but what cared he? A rival in Radical esteem was to be floored and the President whom he hates, was to be annoyed and arraigned if possible. Perhaps GRANT inspired his displeasure in supplanting him, but any scruples the military daw may have had at first were easily overcome under STANTON'S cunning manipulation. It is a mortifying spectacle to be presented to the world, that our Government should be propped in its high sphere by such unsubstantial and untenable pillars.

GENERAL NEWS.

—H. F. Coyne, a printer of Montgomery, Ala., was thrown from a buggy and killed a day or two since.

—As an evidence of what *white* muscle and industry can accomplish, even in this warm climate, we state upon good authority, that Mr. Jackson Butts, of Stewart county, Georgia, assisted by his son alone, a youth of twelve years, raised and gathered the past season eight bales of cotton, averaging 500 pounds each, 150 bushels of corn, 50 bushels of potatoes, and about 35 bushels of wheat in the bargain.

—In Winchester, Kentucky, on Saturday morning, Capt. John S. Evans got up and made a fire in his room, went to bed again, and in five minutes was dead—probably from heart disease.

—Fremont denies that he is a candidate for President.

—Mr. Wm. E. Baker, the editor of the Ohio *Eagle*, died at Lancaster, of consumption, last week.

—A rumor of the reduction of the whisky tax to fifty cents per gallon is again afloat.

—The brother of the little Japanese "All-Right" fell twenty-five feet the other day, at the Chestnut street theater, and escaped without serious injury.

—A woman in Monouk, Ill., caught her husband trying to commit suicide by hanging, and, after cutting him down and resuscitating him, she gave him a good thrashing, which he richly deserved.

—The Radicals in Alabama, finding the extension of time for voting on the new constitution insufficient to carry it, commenced to "stuff" the ballot-boxes.

—The Newton (Mass.) *Journal* says there is so much destitution in the neighboring "shoe towns" that soup-houses have been opened.

—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of the 9th says: A movement is on foot to call a national convention of the "producing interests of the country," in this city, with a view to the organization of a new political party for the Presidential canvass.

—Mr. Carrol died at Fort Smith, Ark., recently, aged 101 years. She was a native of Ireland.

—The Dental Convention will be held at Jackson, Miss., on the 19th.

—A fire at 100 West Water street, Milwaukee, Friday night, damaged the building to the extent of $6000. The occupants were Fowler & Co. Total loss $7000, covered by insurance.

—The residence of Charles Marshall, at Jamaica, L. I., was burned Friday night, together with $5000 Mr. Marshall had in the house. Total loss $20,000. The fire was the work of robbers.

—The corporation of Brown University, Rhode Island, has elected Rev. Alexis Caswell, D. D., president, in place of Rev. Dr. Sears, resigned.

—The great Dragon tree on the island of Teneriffe, which Humboldt thought to be six thousand years old, was blown down in August last during a severe gale.

—Religious revivals of unusual interest are in progress in Columbus, New Lexington, and other towns in Ohio. At New Lexington one hundred and forty persons have joined the church within a few days.

—The 8th was the coldest of the season at Albany, N. Y. At five in the morning the thermometer was 20 to 24 degrees below zero, at noon 12 degrees above, and at five in the afternoon 12 degrees above. The thermometer at Boston ranged 4 to 14 degrees below zero, at Hartford 20 to 27 degrees below zero.

—The Excelsior factory in Schowhegan, Me., was burned Friday night. Loss, $30,000; insured for $5000.

—In Tuscarawas county, O., a few days ago, Solomon Burrier, a boy of seventeen, shot his head to pieces with a musket, because his father and mother had reproached him for not assisting with the farm work.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SPECIALS TO APPEAL.

ARKANSAS.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

BLOOD & THUNDER RADICALISM.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, February 12.—In the Convention, Langley, (Radical), offered a resolution to allow female suffrage, in defense of which he spoke at considerable length in a very vehement and excited manner.

Cypert offered to amend, so that if the wife vote, the husband shall not. It was tabled.

Dale, of Independence, in a tirade of an hour, made a raid upon rebels, calling Conservative members the representatives of cut-throats, murderers, robbers and assassins. He favored not only disfranchisement, but confiscation of the property of every rebel in the State. He said the *Gazette* was mistaken when it insinuated he was a horse-thief; that he never owned a horse; had made a crop last year with a bull.

There was an evening session but nothing done.

Adjourned until to-morrow morning.

MISSISSIPPI.

MORE EXERTIONS FOR MONEY.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

JACKSON, MISS., February 12.—The Convention Treasurer asked for the resolution requesting Gen. Gillem to enforce the payment of the special money, collectors reporting themselves powerless to collect.

Costello offered a resolution requesting Gillem to issue the necessary order.

Mygatt said Gen. Gillem told him he would not support it unless it was modified.

McKee moved an amendment that Gen. Gillem be requested to reply to the Convention immediately what he would do. He wanted him put upon the record also. He was the creature of Congress, and had no more knowledge of law than this Convention. The resolution was adopted with the amendment, and McKee was ordered to carry it to Gen. Gillem and report as soon as possible.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—Sherman introduced a bill to declare the State of Alabama entitled to be restored to the right of representation in Congress. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The following is the bill declaring the State of Alabama restored to the right of representation in Congress:

WHEREAS, The people of the State of Alabama have, in strict compliance with the fifth section of the act of March 23, 1867, entitled an act to provide for a more efficient government in the rebel States, have framed a constitution by a convention of delegates, elected in compliance with said act, and

Whereas, The said constitution has been ratified by a majority of the qualified persons voting on the question of its ratification, and as said constitution contains all the guarantees required by said act, therefore

Be it enacted and declared by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the State of Alabama is entitled to representation in Congress, and the Senators and Representatives thereof shall be admitted on taking the oath prescribed by law.

Williams, from the Committee on Finance, reported a joint resolution declaring the meaning of the law relative to the settlements of disbursing officers and their sureties thereof, and recommending the passage of a suitable bill.

Yates, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to admit Colorado as a State, and gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

On the motion of Howe, the Senate then took up the bill pending yesterday for the relief of the heirs of Maj. Gen. Richardson, which was passed.

By permission of Davis, who had the floor on the Supplementary Reconstruction bill, Johnson moved to take up the case of Thomas, of Maryland.

Sumner opposed the motion, saying that he had intended to address the Senate on the subject, and had not expected that the resolution would be called up during the debate on the Reconstruction bill.

Sherman suggested that the resolution be disposed of and the Senate go into executive session.

Johnson's motion was then adopted, and by his consent, Merrill, of Maine, called up a resolution of inquiry in regard to the forcible ejectment of a negro employee of the Senate from the cars of the Alexandria and Georgetown railroad. Passed.

A bill for the promulgation of the laws of the United States was also taken up and passed.

HOUSE.

The foreign bill was taken up.

Jenckes, of Rhode Island, offered an amendment, by way of a substitute, declaring that the rights of expatriation and naturalization are declared to be and have been part of the public law of the United States, and directing the Executive to insist on their recognition by the governments of all other nations.

Judd offered his amendment as indicated at the close of his speech last Wednesday.

Butler offered an amendment as a substitute for Jenck's amendment, which was not received.

Pruyn offered an amendment to Jenck's amendment in the way of an additional proviso, but the morning hour having expired, the bill went over until to-morrow, and all the amendments were ordered to be printed.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, February 12.—American papers containing reports of the Congressional proceedings on the questions of allegiance and citizenship, have been received. The comments of the press here are generally favorable to the views expressed in Congress. The speech of Banks is specially commended.

PARIS, February 12.—The *Lafrance* of to-day insists that the Emperor Napoleon has asked permission to resign.

BERLIN, February 12.—The North German *Gazette*, generally regarded as the private organ of Bismarck, in an editorial to-day finds fault with the policy of the Austrian Ministry, and Beust, and declaring he is pursuing a dangerous course in too serious y befriending the exiled Princess of Hanover.

LONDON, February 12.—Dispatches from Abyssinia state that at last accounts Gen. Napier was at the front, pushing on the advance. The hostile forces were drawing near each other. Reports have reached Annesly Bay that a skirmish had already taken place between the British advance and the forces of King Theodore, but no particulars are given. Official dispatches from Gen. Napier are anxiously awaited.

FROM NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, February 12.—Governor Brownlow sent a message to the Legislature to-day relative to the strike on the Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville Railroad, declared the resolution of the strikers to prevent the running of trains, except the mail train, until all arrears were paid, was a conspiracy against the State, and recommends some action on the subject.

He also recommends the affairs of the road to be wound up, and the road sold to secure the State interest.

A resolution sustaining Grant in his controversy with the President, and declaring him the choice of Tennessee for the Presidency, was adopted by the lower branch of the Legislature to-day.

A substitute favoring Gen. G. H. Thomas was rejected.

FROM FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, February 12.—A majority of the Convention met last night and entered a protest against the action of the minority of the Convention, and deposed Mr. Richards from the Chair, and elected Horatio Jenkins President of the Convention. They also re-organized and appointed new committees, and deposed the sergeant-at arms and elected Mr. M. Martin in his place.

A resolution was passed declaring that the Convention had the power to compel the attendance of members.

FROM COLUMBUS, O.

COLUMBUS, February 12.—Gov. Hayes received a letter from Secretary Seward in reply to a resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio, requesting the return of all papers certifying the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment by the Ohio General Assembly. He says there is no law permitting the withdrawal of documents from the department at the request of individuals or States, therefore the resolution ratifying, and the one rescinding, will remain on file.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—The Senate's Committee on Territories to-day made a favorable report on the Senate bill for the admission of Colorado, concluding "as it has been the practice of the Government to admit new States without requiring any specified amount of population, and as the present population of Colorado appears to be equal to, or more, than many of the States heretofore admitted, and as it appears to be the almost unanimous wish of the people to be admitted under the present bill, and as Congress has expressly voted for her admission by the enabling act, it seems best for the people of Colorado that the pledged faith of the Government should be made good by her admission as a State," which your committee unanimously seconded. The committee also show the improved condition of the territory, including an increase of population since a former bill was vetoed by the President.

The third section of the bill declares that the act shall take effect with the fundamental and perpetual condition, that within the State of Colorado there shall be no abridgement or denial of the exercise of the elective franchise, or any other rights of any person by reason of race or color, excepting Indians not taxed, and neither this condition or the laws of Congress securing such equality of rights, now in force in the Territory of Colorado, shall be abrogated or set aside, anything in the Constitution or laws of said State to the contrary notwithstanding; and the right to require and enforce compliance with and obedience to same, is expressly reserved to Congress. The time for holding elections for State officers and members of the Legislature is to be not later than sixty days from the passage of this bill, and the time for the meeting of the Legislature shall not be later than thirty days after the election.

The Supreme Court in an opinion in a Will case has decided that a citizen of this District or of a Territory, does not come under the clause of the Constitution, relative to the powers of the Judiciary.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Gen. Noah L. Jeffries, of Maryland, as Register of the Treasury.

The Reconstruction Committee will have another meeting to-morrow to resume the examination concerning Johnson and Grant's correspondence. Grant has not as yet been subpœned.

The House Judiciary Committee will hold its next meeting on Friday, and take testimony in regard to the charges against Justice Field.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., February 12.—In thirty-four counties the vote for the Constitution stands 31,733. The number of registered voters in the same counties is 111,269. This includes all the negro counties except Hall and Marengo. The remaining twenty-six counties have white majorities, and in order to carry the constitution, 56,000 votes must be polled.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 12.—The Convention did nothing to-day but dispose of a few minor financial matters, and talk.

An effort was made to repeal article LXXX of the Constitution, relative to the judiciary, but the matter was finally referred to the Committee on Style.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, February 12.—Cotton, dull. Sales 2000 bales. Uplands, 20@21. Rice and coffee, firm. Sugar, firm but quiet; Cuba, 12½@12¾. Molasses, quiet. New Orleans, 86@90. Flour, firm. Wheat, quiet. Cotton goods, excited and advancing. N. Y. Mills, bleached muslins, 30. Best heavy brown sheeting, 17½. Brown drills are the only thing which has not advanced. Print cloths, 8¼. Calicoes, active. Merrimac, D, 14½; do. W, 14½@15. Sprague, 18. Delaine, 18. Hamilton ginghams, 18.

NEW ORLEANS, February 12.—Cotton, active and firm—Middlings, 19½@20c. Sales, 6000 bales. Receipts, 6947. Exports, 2892. Sugar, higher—Common, 12½@c; Prime to Choice, 15½@15¾c. Molasses, firm, 76@90c. Flour, weaker, sales small—XXX, $13. Corn, easier, 97½c@$1 05. Oats, drooping, 85c. Pork, advancing, $25 50; Bacon, active, shoulders, 11½c; Clear Sides, 14½c; Lard, higher, tierces, 15½; kegs, 16½c. Sterling, 53@55c. New York Sight, ½c discount. Gold, 40¼.

NEW YORK, February 12—Money easy, 4@5c call; prime discount, 6@7c; sterling quiet, 9½@9¾; gold easier steady, 141¾@141¾; Tennessee old, 64½c. Tennessee new, 60½c.

LONDON, February 12, p. m.—Consols closed 93¼@93¾; 5-20's, 71¾; Illinois Central, 88½; Erie, 48¾.

FRANKFORT, February 12, p. m.—U. S. bonds, 75¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 12.—Cotton closed rather more quiet but firm; Middling Uplands, 8¾; Orleans, 8¾. Sales, 20,000 bales.

LOUISVILLE, February 12.—Tobacco active, especially for manufacturing; lugs to choice leaf, $5@10. Flour steady; superfine, $8@8 35. Wheat, $2 40@2 45. Corn in ear and shelled, in bulk, 70@78c. Oats, in bulk, 68c. Lard, 14c. Mess pork, $23. Bacon shoulders, 9½; clear sides, 12½c. Cotton, 17½@18c.

CINCINNATI, February 12.—Flour and wheat unchanged. Corn, 83c. Oats, dull at 65c. Rye, 1 05@1 07. Barley, $1 55@2 40. Whisky, unchanged and dull. Pork, held at $23. Bulk shoulders, 10@10½c; sides, 12½@13½c; sugar-cured hams, 15@16c. Lard, quiet at 14½c. Cheese, 12c. Butter, scarce, 35@36c. Eggs, 32c. Clover seed, 13½c. Timothy, $2 60.

ST. LOUIS, February 12.—Tobacco, full price. Flour, firm; superfine, $7 50@8 25.

LATE NEWS.

—A railroad is proposed to connect Troy with Lake Ontario.

—Judge W. P. Gambell, a prominent lawyer of Kansas, and member of the State Senate, died at Topeka on Wednesday.

—Bishop Williams, of the Catholic Diocese of Massachusetts, has declined to allow high requiem masses, in Worcester, for the souls of Allen, Larkin and O'Brien.

—James Love, who was sentenced to be hung at Maysville, Ky., has been respited by the Governor until the 26th day of June.

—Mrs. McGrudy, of Lowell, Vt., the mother of fourteen children, lately signed a transfer of her property to her son, and then, regretting the act, killed herself. She first hacked her throat with an axe, and then with a razor severing arteries and windpipe. After all that mangling she lived more than a day.

—George Reinhart, of Pittsburg, fell down an embankment near Neville station, on Friday, and was killed.

—The New Orleans journals speak of an extensive caving in of the levee in that city. From Clouet street down to the refinery, below the Convent, about one thousand feet of the outer edge of the levee and bulkheads have slipped into the river, and will need to be repaired before the next rise, or that portion of the city will be overflowed. At the point opposite Clouet street, the levee has sloughed off within six feet of the curbstone, and presents a threatening appearance.

—A professor of medicine at the Vienna University has succeeded in saving the lives of many cholera patients, who had already been given up by the other physicians, by the so-called transfusion process. The blood of healthy young men or women is infused into the veins of patients to the extent of about twenty ounces. In many instances the success was almost immediate. The face of the patient assumed a more natural appearance during the operation, the pulse grew more normal, and the patient was entirely well, though feeble yet, in the course of a few hours.

—Freiligrath, the greatest of the living poets of Germany, is a fat old gentleman. For many years he has been cashier of a bank in London, but he will now return to his old home at Barmen in Rhemish Prussia, and pass there the remainder of his days in the enjoyment of the handsome capital collected for him by his friends and admirers in all parts of the world.

—Ex-King Francis II was recently so hard up that he had to sell sixty thousand francs' worth of his wife's jewelry. On the same day, his uncle, Count Trapani, won seventy thousand francs at Rio from the Roman Duke of Grazioli, son of the celebrated money lender who was originally a baker and got rich by buying for a song the jewels which the French soldiers had stolen at Loretti.

—Lesseps, the Suez canal man, paid over a million francs for puffs of his enterprise in Parisian editors.

—Rogesard, the celebrated pamphleteer, who hit off Napoleon III so cleverly in his "Propos de Labienus," resides now at Stuttgart. He is about to issue another *brochure* on the "December Man."

—The agents of the British Society of Foreign Missions, distributed twelve millions of tracts at the Paris Exposition. Two hundred thousand tracts were on hand at the time the Exposition was closed.

—The regular edition of the *Memorial Diplomatique*, which is published in Paris at the expense of Prince Metternich, is less than one hundred copies. Recently, in a lawsuit for damages, brought against the publisher, he pleaded in extenuation the very limited circulation of his journal.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

—The new red shirts of the Garibaldians will henceforth contain a white "V" on the breast. The "V" means "vengeance."

—The circulation of the Paris *Moniteur* is now seventeen thousand copies, a loss of about three thousand since October last.

—Auber, the composer of eighty, has written a new opera, entitled "A Day of Happiness," which will soon be performed at the Opera Comique.

President Simson, of the North German Parliament, has written a cordial letter of thanks to the Germans of New Orleans, who sent a banner to the Parliament.

—English sharpers swindle gudgeons on the continent every year out of a million of dollars, by inserting tempting advertisements in the French, German and Italian newspapers.

Conservative Convention.

The action of the committee changing the apportionment of delegates, and the Legislature having under consideration bills providing for the division of the Clerkship of the Common Law and Criminal Courts of Memphis, and for creating the offices of Collector of State and County Taxes on Privileges and Recorder for the County Commissioners, which will doubtless become law, has rendered it necessary that the committee should modify the call heretofore published, so as to read as follows:

SHELBY COUNTY CONVENTION.—A Convention of delegates from the wards of the city of Memphis and the civil districts of Shelby county, is hereby called to assemble at the Greenlaw Opera House, city of Memphis, on *Friday, February* 14, 1868, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of nominating Conservative Democratic candidates for the following offices, *to be* filled at the next March election:

For Sheriff of Shelby county.
For Register of Shelby county.
For Trustee of Shelby county.
For Tax Collector of Shelby county.
For Commissioner of Shelby county.
For Clerk of Common Law Court.
For Clerk of Criminal Court.
For Collector of State and County Taxes on Privileges.
For Recorder for County Commissioners.
For Marshal of Municipal Court.
For Constables for Fifth and Fourteenth Civil Districts.
For Justice of the Peace for Fourteenth Civil District.

Each civil district outside of the city will be entitled to two, and each ward in the city the following delegates, in the Convention, to-wit: First, 7; Second, 4; Third, 4; Fourth, 2; Fifth, 2; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 10; Eighth, 7; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 4; and the Fifth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Districts, outside the wards, two delegates each. No proxies will be recognized. By order of the County Executive Committee,

M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Ashlar Scott Lodge No. 289, are hereby notified to attend a special communication this Thursday evening, at seven o'clock, for work in the E. A. degree.

All members of sister city lodges and transient brethren in good standing, are fraternally invited to attend.

By order of M. SELIG, W. M.
C. CURTIS, Secretary. feb13 It

WANTED.—Loan of $2000 on Improved unincumbered City Property. Address S. A., Bulletin office. feb13 3

BOARDING.—Gentlemen and their wives can have nice rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board. Also a few day boarders can be accommodated at reasonable rates. Apply at 158 Second street. feb13w

FOR SALE.—I will sell, at auction, on the 15th inst., the following Lots in Fort Pickering: Lots 4 and 5 block 12; lots 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 block 17; Lots 34 and 35 block 11. Terms half cash, balance in 12 months, with liens retained. Sale on the premises between 11 and 1 o'clock. JAMES ALEXANDER.
February 13, 1868. feb13 3t

Removal.

L. SAMELSON will remove his stock of Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc., to 208 Main street, where he will be prepared to supply his numerous friends and customers with goods in his line as cheap as they can be bought in this city. feb13 6t

Information Wanted.

TO the Heirs of George Bazzard, colored. Information is wanted concerning NANCY BAZZARD and ROBERT BAZZARD, children of George and Cynthia Bazzard, who were sold as slaves in Virginia many years ago. If they can be found, they will learn something to their advantage by applying to

JOHN THOMAS,
Executor of George Bazzard,
feb13 2t No. 1210 Arch street, Philadelphia.

Central House,

63 Adams Street, Memphis, Tenn.

THIS house, formerly known as the Hardwick, has changed proprietors, and is now open to the traveling public. It has been thoroughly cleansed and refurnished with new furniture, carpets, etc. The table is good and well prepared as that of any hotel in the city. The Dining Room is in charge of Mons. P. E. Faul, late of the White Sulphur Springs, Va. The location is most desirable, being about the center of the city. The rates of board have been reduced to

$2 50 per Day, or $12 00 per Week.
(Rooms Furnished).

Day Board.....$2 00 per day.
Day Board.....$1 00 per month.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the traveling public.
feb13 3m MEDLIN, RUTLEDGE & CO.

JAMES A. WIGGS & CO.,
Manufacturers of

Packing Boxes,

AND DEALERS IN LUMBER,

OFFICE AND FACTORY HEAD OF FRONT street, near Gas Works, Memphis, Tenn. Have always on hand, and make to order, Sugar Boxes, Candy Boxes, Cracker Boxes, coffee boxes, Soap Boxes, Meat Boxes, and Boxes of all descriptions. Also, Dressed Yellow Pine Flooring, Weather Boarding, Sash, Blinds, Shingles, Sawed Lasts, Ceiling, Cypress Fencing, Paling, Dressed and Undressed, and all kinds of Framing Lumber.

Orders sent to us through the Postoffice, or left with Scottsworth & Nance, 240 Front street, will receive prompt attention. feb12

J. A. WIGS, Late Wiggs & Adams.
J. C. WALDROP, Late Coast Agent.

WALDROP & WINN,
Bluff City First-class Warehouse and Stock Yard.
LINDEN STREET, ON THE BLUFF.
feb9 1m

SOUTHERN PLOW WORKS,
No. 161 Madison St., Memphis,

Plows, Sweeps, Scrapers.

GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES—CLOSING out below cost.

Clipper Plows, Steel, No. 2	$8 00
Cahoon " "	7 00
Diamond " "	7 00
Diamond " "	6 00
Shovels,	6 00
Sweeps on Iron Stock, No. 2	6 00
Sweeps on Wood,	5 00
Bull Tongues,	6 00
Avery Polaris,	5 00

Farmers will do well to call and examine stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. feb9 1w

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Trust Deed executed to me on the 8th day of November, A. D., 1867, by Sarah W. Fowlkes, and duly registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 62, pages 269, 281 and 282 for the purpose of paying the debt therein mentioned, I will, on

Tuesday, the 3d Day of March, 1868,

in front of 350 Second street, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: A certain lot of land situated, lying and being in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, commencing at the point of intersection of Jefferson street with Center alley; thence on the south side of Jefferson street in an eastwardly direction ninety feet (90); thence in a southwardly direction one hundred and twelve feet (112) to a private alley; thence in a westwardly direction ninety feet (90) on a line parallel with Jefferson street to Center alley; thence on a line of Center alley in a northwardly direction one hundred and twelve feet (112) to Jefferson street, the point of beginning, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging. I will sell and convey only as trustee. Sale between 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 p.m. Terms cash.

H. E. GAITH, Trustee.
George T. Hubbard, Attorney. feb11 20t

R. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss. A. B. TREADWELL, Memphis, Tenn

PRICE & TREADWELL,
Wholesale Grocers,
NO. 15 UNION STREET,
Lee Block, Bet. Main and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
feb9 1m

NOT QUITE A MIRACLE!
—BUT A—
GREAT DISCOVERY.

But for Made Plenty and Cheap!

THIS improvement makes the cow give *twice as much Milk*. It makes the milk yield *double as much Butter* as the ordinary plan. Then, to cap the climax, it teaches one how to make a *pound of Butter out of a gallon of Sweet Milk*—no butter, no drugs used. It is *no humbug*, no *Yankee trick*.

The proprietor is a one-armed Confederate soldier, and warrants it to do all he claims for it. He has also several other recipes of great value—

One to cure Toothache in one minute;
" " " Rheumatism in a few days;
" " " Piles in one week;
" " " Chills and Fever in two hours;
" " " Weak Eyes in Horses.

A Vinegar Recipe that came from Brazil, supposed to be the best in the world.

All or either of the above he will sell at the following low prices: The Milk and Butter recipes, all three, $2; either of the others, $1 each. Send your orders to W. L. FAMBRO,
373 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

P. S.—If references are desired, inclose postage stamps to the proprietor. ja24 w1f

$50 REWARD.

STOLEN from Louis Cottar, on the morning of February 6, 1868, one SORREL HORSE, 11 hands high, 6 years old, had weak eyes, one hind foot white, also shoe off one front foot.

Also, a light BAY MARE, seven years old, a small blaze on forehead, both hind feet white, a mark of a kick on left hind leg. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of both, or $75 a piece. feb7 1w

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer.....C. D. STEINKUHL

Thursday Evening, February 13.—Grand Fairy Spectacle—BLACK CROOK. Beautiful Parisienne Ballet Troupe. Brilliant and gorgeous Scenery. Music, Dancing, Songs, Duetts, Transformations, Marches, etc., presenting the most happy combination of wonder and delight ever witnessed.

Matinee every Saturday Afternoon.
General admission, $1; family circle, 50 cents; gallery, 25 cents.
Seats can be secured six days in advance.

JOHN ROBINSON'S MAMMOTH CIRCUS
—AND—
EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

LOCATION BLUFF,
BETWEEN COURT AND MADISON STS.

COMMENCING FRIDAY, FEB. 14, 1868.

PERFORMANCE DAY AND EVENING. Doors open at 1 and 6½ o'clock p.m.; performance at 2 and 7 o'clock p.m. Admission, 75 cents; half tickets, 50 cents.

Magnificent Procession, the most grand and imposing ever seen in Memphis, February 15, at 10 a.m. feb11 5t

VARIETIES THEATER,
Corner Main and Washington Sts.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM, Lessee and Proprietor.

See this Mammoth Company!

Johnny Hart, Oscar Willis,
Tony Beaton, Charlie White,
The Delaware Boys.
Minnie

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR MARSHAL OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT—We are authorized to announce JAMES REDADY as a candidate for Marshal at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. feb1 te

WE are authorized to announce F. C. STEPHENSON as a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election in March, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. feb1 te

FOR APPEAL: We are requested to announce JAMES H. SWAN as a candidate for Marshal of the Municipal Court, subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention. feb14 tf.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—WM. E. BARNETT is a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. Jan26 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Trustee, subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention of Shelby county.
GEO. C. HOLMES.
January 24, 1868.

WE are authorized to announce D. R. GRACE as a candidate for the office of Marshal or Municipal Court, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. July te

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—We are authorized to announce PHILIP GARVIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the election in March next. Jan9 te

CLERK OF COMMON LAW AND CRIMINAL COURT.—We are authorized to announce E. L. WARNER as candidate for Criminal and Common Law Court Clerk, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. July te

WE are authorized to announce Mr. JOHN NORTON as a candidate for re election to the office of Constable of the 13th Civil District of Shelby county. Jan9 te

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE.—*Messrs. Editors Appeal:* You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the ensuing March election, subject to nomination of the Conservative party. Respectfully,
A. WOODWARD.
Jan5 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—In response to the call of my friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Democratic Conservative party.
W. L. STEWART.
Jan5 te

THOMAS W. REILLY is announced as candidate for Register of Deeds for Shelby county at the ensuing March election. Ja14 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—COL. JOHN MARTIN, SR., announces himself as a candidate for the office of County Register, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. Ja12 te

E. W. CALDWELL is a candidate for TAX Collector of Shelby county at the ensuing March election. Ja11 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention.
J. W. KING.
Ja10-dtc te

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CULLEN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—DRUG STORE FOR RENT AND Fixtures at Coutad's sale, on the 14th inst., at 99 Main street. feb12

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE CONTAINING 8 rooms, a front and side porch, in a desirable neighborhood, on the corner of Poplar and Orleans streets, fronting on Orleans. Inquire No 10 Adams street. MARTIN DALY.
feb9 tf

FOR RENT.—A NEAT COTTAGE, NO. 372 Beal street, containing 7 rooms. Rent $20 per month. Also, a Cigar and News Stand, at Commercial Hotel.
feb9 1w W. H. ALLEN.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A House for rent on Union street, with seven rooms and outhouses, at $30 per month. The Furniture for sale at $2,500—cost $6,000—nearly new. Apply to
REID & WILSON,
feb1 Odd Fellows' Hall."

FOR RENT—THE LATE RESIDENCE OF John L. Taylor, deceased, on Orleans street, near B. Cobb's. Large lot and good cistern and pump.
W. H. GRAVES.
Ja21 tf

FOR LEASE OR RENT.—THE BEAUTIFUL homestead, 5 miles east of the city, on Germantown road. The improvements consist in 10 good rooms, including store-room and kitchen, Pantry, Smokehouse, Stable with hay loft, corn-room for laborers and carriage-house, Ice-house, Garden, Orchard, a good garden set in strawberries, raspberries, currants and other small fruits, Meadow land for hay and farming implements for sale at a bargain. Also, corn, fodder and hay. Address
M. WHITE, 259 Main street. Ja21 2w

FOR RENT.—A NO. 1 OFFICE FOR RENT. Apply to TAYLOR, CRUMP & CO., 220 Front street.

TO RENT.—A HANDSOME FURNISHED ROOM, to board, at Mrs. Dr. George Clark's, 9 Court street.

FOR RENT.—The Store now occupied by Bayburn, Avent & Co., on Court square. Terms easy. Apply to present occupant.
PARCE & HARRISON.
dec21 tf

FOR RENT.—A STORE ON MAIN STREET, second in one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 82 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT.

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama Streets. A corner one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 80 Alabama street. nov21 tf

FOR RENT—
A centrally located business house on Winchester Row. Possession given immediately.
feb6 tf J. W. PAGE, Jr.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—On reasonable terms, one-half interest in the Southern Flow Works, No. 161 Madison street, Memphis. For particulars inquire of H. HEWITT & BRO., at their store, 279½ Main street, Memphis. feb11 1w

FOR SALE.—The Houses and Lots in LaGrange, Tenn., owned by Mrs. S. E. Cotten, opposite the Episcopal Church. Said lots have two dwelling houses and an office. Can be occupied by one or two families. Has been nearly painted, plastered and papered since the war. There is a cool well of water, kitchen, smokehouse and excellent garden spot. Terms, three thousand dollars, one thousand cash, the balance in eighteen months. Address Mrs S. E. COTTEN, University Place, Franklin county, Tennessee. feb6 2w

FOR SALE.—A first class 20-HORSE POWER ENGINE, Portable Boiler and No. 1 Saw Mill, complete in order. Also, a first class GRIST MILL, will be sold 1 w. Inquire at No. 46 Front street, or at No. 45 Union or Commercial Hotels. Jan31 2w

FOR SALE.—A COUNTER SUITABLE FOR a Cigar, Fruit or News stand. Apply at this office. Jan22

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Malone or old McNeal Plantation, situated on the bank of the river, a few miles below Napoleon Landing, Mississippi. Six or seven hundred acres in cultivation, with good farming implements ten head of mules and 100 to 200 bushels of corn. This is one of the highest places on the river. Apply to PARTEE & HARBEER, No. 14 Monroe street. Jan25 1m

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—STOCK AND Fixtures of a Drug Store in Bolivar, Tenn. Invoice, $2500. Will be sold very low for cash or exchanged for W. Address H. H. WOOD,
Jan21 2w Bolivar, Tenn.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR RENT. An elegant Country Residence (unimproved) all new, with five acres of ground, in Germantown, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Has seven rooms, hall and all necessary out-houses. For further information, apply to H. P. Jones or Capt. Geo W. Jones, both of Germantown, or to the undersigned.
O. M. ALSUP.
January 2, 1868. ja1 2w

For Sale.

1,500,000 PRESS AND HAND-MADE BRICK, at the lowest figures. Apply at once to
CHARLES A. LEFFINGWELL.
Office in rear of No. 278 S. cond street.
feb8 1m

WANTS.

WANTED—A NO. 1 DINING ROOM SERvant. Apply to 107 Madison street. feb13

WANTED TO RENT.—A Cottage Residence containing four or five rooms and a kitchen, in the immediate vicinity of Court Square. Address W. J. M., Appeal office. feb7tf

WANTED.—Goods in exchange for a handsome suburban Residence with two acres of ground and all improved, within 2½ miles of the city. Apply to GOODBAR & GILLILAND, No. 20 Main street. feb6 1w

WANTED.—A graduate of the University of Virginia, in the Schools of Ancient and Modern Languages, Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, who has had an experience of eight years as a Teacher in Virginia, desires a position in College or Academy, or as Principal of a School. Satisfactory references given. Address this office.
J. W. TEMPLE, care Col. JOS. R. Mosby, Somerville, Tenn. feb2 3w

WANTED.—A house containing three or four rooms, in a good neighborhood, for which a moderate rent will be promptly paid. Address A. S., this office. ja25

WANTED.—A NO. 1 COTTON PLANTAtion. I desire to exchange a well-improved plantation of 1,200 acres, 5 miles from Court Square, for a good Cotton Plantation, Mississippi or Arkansas river lands preferred. Must be above overflow. Address C. S. A., care T. A. Nelson & Co., Memphis, Tenn. ja24 tf

WANTED.—A SECOND-HAND PORTABLE Engine, with Saw and Grist Mill. Apply at this office. ja17

WANTED—To Rent, a HOUSE, within two or three squares of Court Square, containing five or six rooms, besides Kitchen and Servant's room, for which a liberal rent will be paid by a good tenant. Address M. A., Appeal office. ja17

WANTED—FROM THREE TO EIGHT Acres well Timbered Land, within five miles of Court Square, for which cash will be paid. Address C. DAVIS,
dec29 1w Senatobia, Miss.

WANTED.—A situation as Book keeper by an old citizen, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office. dec5 tf

INFORMATION WANTED—Of MARY J. HARRISON and CHILD, the Widow and Daughter of Wm. Harrison, Pattern-maker, who was murdered in Nashville, Tenn., on the 3d of May, 1856. If living, and will correspond with the undersigned, they will hear of something to their advantage. Address DAILEY, Merchant Tailor, Savannah, Ga., Box 188. jan3

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTAGAS AND
RECALIA DEL REY
CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S
Smoker's Emporium.
GEORGE L. GRAYSER.
Sept 8m Proprietor, Memphis.

ROBERT A. MOON,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 276 Front street,
MEMPIIIS, TENN.
GENERAL ADVANCES—Supplies at Wholesale Rates. Liberal advances on Cotton.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	2:55 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Corinth and Grand Junction Accommodation, daily	9:27 p.m.	10:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	8:40 a.m.	5:00 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. RUSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	6:30 p.m
Night Express	5:30 p.m.	9:35 a.m

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.
Ticket offices No. 278 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express daily except Sunday	4:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
Mail Express, on Sunday, leaves a.m.	1:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.
Freight, daily, save Sunday	3:15 p.m.	5:45 a.m.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Agt. Ja5

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Albany, New York, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Atlanta, New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 12:45 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Atlanta, New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 12:45 p.m.

For Jackson, Miss., Raymond, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 3:15 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:15 p.m.

All stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 2:30 p.m.

All stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and First Tennessee railroads at 12:45 p.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings in Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly) Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

REMOVAL.

Our friends will remember that the APPEAL BUSINESS OFFICE is now located at **No. 13 Jefferson street.**

The EDITORIAL ROOMS of the APPEAL have been removed to No. 14 Jefferson street, upstairs, where we will be glad to see our friends at all times.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Directory of Conservative Colored Men Wanting Employment.

MARENGO JOHNSON, (Want to work on a farm.)
BURLEY MITCHELL,
DENNIS NORRIS, house servant or steward.
BRITTON HINES, old and faithful house servant.
WM. HUTCHINS, EDW. CRAWFORD,
EDW. SNEED, HOSEA HORNHAM,
SAM. GRIFFIN, WM. FOSTER,
HARVEY BROWN, JOHN POOL.
JAMES NEWTON,

BARBERS TO BE PATRONIZED.
NED ADAMS, 320 Main street.
NICK ALEXANDER 4 Jefferson street.
WILLIAM DE MOSS, In Court-street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.—We have been informed that it takes papers about three days to reach Brownsville from Memphis. Whose fault is this? See to it, employees of the U. S. Mail department.

STEALING.—Eddy, John Batto, who keeps a confectionery corner of Vance and Lauderdale streets, lost two pigs of different sizes. One thief and one hit were recovered.

RECOVERING.—We were glad to say that Deputy Constable W. T. Porter, shot in the affray of last Friday, is rapidly recovering from his wound and expects to be on his beat about Monday.

BUSINESS.—Yesterday, a small amount of money, which the owner can have, by proving property and paying charges, on application to Dr. Wilkins, 220 Main street.

A JOKE OF THE LATE FITZ GREEN HALLECK.—A negro child was born in the suburbs the other day—the side was perfectly black, the other quite blacker than the d—l.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—The residences of Mrs. Harper, No. 82 Adams street, was entered yesterday morning, and a diamond ring valued at two hundred dollars stolen. No trace of the thieves.

STEALING A CLOCK.—Some thief took time by the forelock day before yesterday and stole a large clock from the public schoolhouse on Alabama street. Information was given to the police, but the culprit has not yet been arrested.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was really a splendid day. The principal streets were crowded with fair women and brave men. Our prediction that the last cold snap of the season had been received seems likely to prove correct.

A CORRECTION.—A party of soldiers raised a disturbance on Tuesday evening last, at 208 Main street, and not over the Basket Saloon, as stated by the *Evening Ledger*. The upper part of the house is occupied as a first class boarding house by J. W. Taompson.

STEALING PICTURES.—Two black-and-tan smazons named Lizzie Grey and Jennie Woods, were arrested by the Police, charged with stealing pictures from the Oak Gallery. The accused will be handed over to the State authorities today.

RENTS IN MEMPHIS.—It is a notorious fact that rents in Memphis have been of the most exhorbitant character for the past two years. We are glad, however, to notice that landlords are becoming more reasonable, and reducing their rentals in all portions of the city. This is as it should be.

ANOTHER BANKRUPT SALE.—There will be a sale of bankrupt goods at No. 310 Main street. Those in search of bargains will do well to be on hand. Hosiery, cutlery, notions, ladies underwear, pipes, store fixtures, etc., will be sold by the assignee, W. Y. Cirode. A. S Levy, auctioneer.

A RUNAWAY.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a pair of horses attached to a rockaway ran from Carlin's Drug store, in Chelsea, and made towards the Brick Church. The horses were caught, but not till after the vehicle had been badly smashed. A good many people were frightened, but nobody hurt.

DISCHARGED.—Bob Gibson, charged with the crime of bigamy, was before Mr. Justice Moore yesterday and honorably discharged. It appears he was not the man. A telegram was received from St. Louis that he was not wanted. Robert, depart in peace, and marry one wife at a time.

DOMINION OF CANADA.—By a private letter received yesterday from the Auditor General of the province of New Brunswick, in the New Dominion, we learn that the local Legislature meets today "for the transaction of business." The confederation has necessitated many changes, which we hope will be for the ultimate good of our *blue cold neighbors.*

"THE CAMPAIGNS OF FORREST AND FORREST'S CAVALRY"—*By Gen. Thomas Jordan and John P. Pryor.*—We learn from one of the authors that the first edition of this work has already been issued from the press of New York, and that it will be ready for delivery to subscribers within a few days from this date. We have also the assurance of one of the authors who superintended the publication in New York, that it is one of the most tastefully got up and handsomely illustrated books ever issued from the press of that city—that it is, indeed, executed in the highest style of the printing art. We regret, however, to learn that many of the "sketches" of Forrest's Division and Brigade Commanders, and other officers and privates who distinguished themselves, have been "unavoidably crowded out." The military narrative of Forrest and his campaigns, however, will be full and complete, and the Appendix will also contain full "Rosters" of the commands that ever served with *the greatest cavalry commander of the war.* And the "sketches" themselves, it is understood, together with much other interesting secondary matter connected with "The Campaigns of Forrest," will be published at an early day in the shape of a supplementary volume, when, it is believed, that ample justice will be done to all.

Bills Lading Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

A RARE opportunity is offered to supply yourself with Staple Goods, at 280 Main street, in consequence of purchases made at the bankrupt sales, by M. Wolf & Co.

Good 4-4 bleached Domestics, 12½c; all Linen Table Cloths, $1; Towels, 17c. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. Determined to sell out.

TERRIBLE CRIME!

A WHITE WOMAN RAVISHED BY NEGROES!

On the 5th inst, one of those terrible crimes, which leagues the worst portion of humanity with devils, was committed. A French woman residing on Union Avenue, about two and a half miles from the city, was visited by two fiends in the shape of Africans, one of whom seized her, and the other violated her person. They then robbed the house of some bedclothes, and adjourned to the house of a negro, named Lumpkin, living in the vicinity, whom they relieved of a pistol and other articles, and they then disappeared in the woods. Information was given to the police headquarters yesterday evening, and two negroes, named Lott Alexander and Tom Smith, were taken into custody, and are now in the stationhouse. They will be brought out to-day for committal before a Magistrate. There is no penalty too severe for such wretches, and such an example should be made of them as will convince all who would commit similar outrages that speedy and terrible justice will surely overtake them. We understand that the parties who were arrested were identified by the outraged woman.

ANOTHER SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Jack Winters Shoots John Cunningham Supposed Fatally—The Corner of Main and Jackson the Scene of Action.

Another shooting affair occurred yesterday evening, which shocked the inhabitants of the northern portion of our city. From all we could gather, it would appear that about 8 o'clock a difficulty occurred between Jack Winters and Jack Gorman, on the corner of Main and Jackson streets. Words ran high, when Gorman struck Winters in the face with his fist. Winters then pulled his pistol, when Gorman made good his escape. About this time John Cuntingham came out of John Coolighan's saloon, when Winters fired two shots at him, the first one taking effect in the left breast, just over the heart. The second one missed. Winters was arrested by officer Fenton and imprisoned in the Adams street stationhouse. The wounded man was conveyed to his residence, on Overton street. Dr Joe E. Lynch was called in, and rendered all the medical assistance in his power. The doctor thinks the injured man will not recover. Further facts will probably develop themselves to-day.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER—BLACK CROOK.—There was an immense house last night at the "opening" of the grand spectacle of the "Black Crook." The scenery was very splendid, the music horrible, the dancing graceful, the light and elegantly attired *figurantes* attractive and *spirituelle*, and the thread of the story interesting. The audience, which completely filled the theater, seemed equally interested and astonished at the splendor of the "getting up," and expressed their appreciation in frequent rounds of applause. The cascade, fish dance, Amazon March, and the closing tableau, claimed especial notice. Altogether, every one seemed to be satisfied, and the "run" will doubtless be long.

ROBINSON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—The combination under the management of the veteran commander, John Robinson, will spread its canvas on the Bluff, on Friday. The particulars can be seen "chronicled" in the large posters that are spread on the corners, in their way fanciful colors. The site for the circus is well chosen, and with propitious weather the attendance will doubtless be large.

THE VARIETIES.—Notwithstanding the opening of the *Black Crook* last night, at the New Memphis, the Varieties was well filled. Miss Sallie Eldridge reappeared, and as usual, did not fail to please her auditors. Miss Helen DeVere, Miss Bizzie Wheeler, Oscar Willis, Johnny Hart, Tony Benton and the balance of the company, always put their best foot forward.

CLOSING OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—As will be seen by the card of the Cashier of the above Institution, F. L. Warner, Esq., that owing to the general depression in business, etc., it has been determined to suspend business and wind up the affairs of the Institution. This result has been anticipated for some time by our business community, and consequently caused no excitement. The amount owing depositors is only about thirteen thousand dollars, and the assets are, we understand, more than sufficient to pay all the depositors in full. Where the deposits were so small it is no matter of surprise that the managers should conclude to suspend business, and it is laudable in Mr. F. L. Warner, Cashier, that he should pursue the only course which will protect to the greatest degree both the depositor and stockholder.

STATE AND COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR.—Among the most prominent and capable of the gentlemen whose names are used in connection with the office of tax collector for State and county, is H. L. Priddy, Esq., of Bartlett's station. He is in every way qualified, and would make a most excellent officer. Born and raised in the county, he is familiar with its people, with whom he is decidedly popular. An active and energetic man of business, the duties of the office would be attended to with rigid punctuality, and to sum up the characteristic features that peculiarly commend him to the consideration of the press, he is a glorious good fellow, and the people of Memphis would, we are sure, find his administration of affairs was never more agreeable, valuable and influential than while it was partly under his direction and management. Mr. Priddy has heretofore come very near succeeding, and we are satisfied would bring positive strength to the ticket—a desideratum,—and the Convention should take care that no "weak brother" shall be put upon it to damage all the rest. This is no time to gratify friends, at the expense of the ticket. We want a popular gentleman like Mr. Priddy upon it, whose record is clear, and who will, by his personal merit and influence, add to the success of the ticket.

HARD TIMES!—This is the cry, and it is true. The times, or rather the circumstances, of the people are hard, and the future, as far as mortal eye can penetrate it, is anything but assuring. Fortunes have crumbled away; banks have been broken, and a bleak winter has been blowing, raining, snowing and sleeting upon the poor. Hunger has stalked abroad and dimmed bright eyes and hollowed out the cheeks of men and women. In the general destruction pride itself has gone down and been trampled under the feet of cold, sterile want. The avenues of business have been closed, and men and women grope their way in the dark for the pittance with which to procure the means of existence. Generally, the time for making fortunes is past, and a sterner thought occupies the public mind. The question with every one is, how to live. Upon the broad surface of affairs so forbidding there is one gleam of brightness, there is one green spot, there is one prospect, not only of living, but of acquiring a fortune. With five years the poorest human being may be raised to affluence. With it he may obtain the Raleigh mineral springs, now worth twenty five thousand dollars. Such an opportunity should not be neglected by any one. Procure your tickets and then dream what may prove true—that the fortune will be yours.

A CARD.—The following card was received yesterday, but was unavoidably laid over. It explains itself:

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Sirs: I regret the necessity of noticing an article in your local columns this morning, in reference to the proposed Conservative meeting. I informed your local editor yesterday, that the agent of the Odd Fellows' Association had called our attention to the fact that the lease by which the Odd Fellows occupy the hall prohibited the use of it for *political* purposes, and asked him to give such notice as would appraise the gentlemen signing the call for the Conservative meeting of the necessity for providing another place for holding it. This rule has always been enforced, when the officers of the Chamber of Commerce have been applied to, and it was not supposed that the notice would give offense, or call for invidious suggestions. The recent meetings in the hall upon the subject of the financial embarrassments of the city, were not open to the objection of being political, and as to the meeting at which Gen. Bidle addressed the citizens, I presume those interested in getting it up used the hall, as contemplated in the present instance, without consultation with the owners or occupiers of the building.
JOHN HEART,
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, February 11, 1868.

GENTS' good Calf Boo's, $4 50; Gents' good all Linen Bosom Shirts, $1 50; Gents' good Cassimere Hats, $2 50. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. Determined to sell out.

Citizens' Meeting.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

The Committee of Citizens, in their card this morning, wish to place the burden of the amendments to the city charter reported by them on Saturday night upon my shoulders. If these amendments were of such vital interest as they represent them to be, they should not attempt to deny their paternity. If this labor was the work of supererogation, they should have been content to have let the matter rest where it was. All that I did in drawing the amendments was done at the instance of Col. Topp, and handed to him. My work was not reported by the committee, but was changed, altered and enlarged, and in the shape it passed was entirely different. A reference to the original draft, in the hands of Col. Topp, will show the difference.

In addition to all this, when these points were under discussion by the committee, I showed them the charter provisions covering the grounds embraced in their amendments. When the question as to the funding of the due debt came up for discussion, I called their attention to the fact that an act had passed the Legislature in December last, authorizing the city to fund its due indebtedness, and stated that I had not seen the act, having written for it and failed to get a copy. I was then asked by the chairman of the committee if there was any harm in re-enacting this law. My reply, of course, was that there was none. This was based upon the idea that a general system of amendments and improvements were to be made to the charter.

What was done by me was at the instance of these gentlemen, and after I had called their attention to the provisions of the charter; and, as they state, at their request, was "drawn up in form." They rejected my form, and reported amendments in their own form. It is uncandid to convey the impression that these amendments were presented by them to the citizens' meeting in form made by the City Attorney, when they were in the handwriting of and in the form proposed by the chairman of the meeting. I never saw them nor heard them read until they were presented to the citizens' meeting. The report was read in my hearing, but not the amendments nor the memorial.

I believe that the citizens have the right to meet in convention and instruct their agents to aid them by suggestions of what is right and proper to be done No one, I suppose, will deny this. And when this action is taken, those who assume to instruct ought to have the independence to assume the responsibility of their action, and not attempt to burden others with it.

R. J. MORGAN, City Attorney.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

We desire to give some information that may be interesting to our citizens who are receiving frequent calls to aid the poor.

The Church Home, (under the control of the Protestant Episcopal Church) now in full operation, with chaplain and matron, is located at No. 100 Market street.

A committee of ladies from the several congregations, has been appointed to solicit contributions in money and provisions, for the support of the Home.

The Committee of Reception meets at the Home every Thursday, at 11 o'clock, to admit applicants.

The applicants must be destitute widows or orphans, and while none are rejected on account of their religious opinions, all are required to conform to the rules of the Home as long as they reside in the building.

Every effort will be made to assist those who are most needy and dependent, and the managers pledge themselves to dispose of all contributions in such a manner as to furnish relief to the most helpless of our community.

Any contributions in money, provisions, or clothing, will be gladly received at "The Church Home," No. 100 Market street.
A.
MEMPHIS, February 12, 1868.

CITIZENS' MEETING.—At a meeting of the citizens of Memphis, on Wednesday, February 12, held at the City Hall, for the purpose of considering the present political condition of the State, and to devise a remedy of removing the evils which exist to its commercial and social as well as political detriment, on motion of Col. W. L. Stewart, Mr. John T. Trezevant was called to the chair; on taking which, he briefly addressed the assembly touching its objects and purposes, urging that steps be immediately taken, looking to the end had in view. On motion, Mr. J. M. Keating was elected Secretary.

On motion of Col. John Donovan, the Chairman appointed the following committee to draft suitable resolutions expressive of the purposes of the meeting: Messrs. J. Donovan, R. F. Looney, F. A. Tyler, R. D. Baugh and Attorney General William Wallace. The Committee, through their Chairman, Col. Donovan, reported progress, and suggested a postponement and adjournment of the meeting to same place on Saturday evening next, at 7½ o'clock, when, in the language of the Chairman, it is hoped that the citizens generally of the city and county will be present.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The following is the latest action of the Board:

Ordered, That Wesley Davidson be and hereby is appointed overseer of that portion of the middle Holly Springs road extending from Black Creek bridge to Reckett's grocery, on the Pigeon Roost road to Black Creek bridge, and that he have under his control all the hands subject to road duty living on said road, also to reside on the following farms, to-wit: The farm or quarter of W. H. Kimball, S. Roseborough, D. S. Greer and E. S. Elam, and the said Elam is hereby relieved from further duty on that portion of said road extending beyond Black Creek bridge.

Ordered, By the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tennessee, That James Kimball, W. H. Gregory and John S. Powell be, and they hereby are appointed commissioners to ascertain concerning the necessity and cost of repairing the bridge on the middle Holly Springs road spanning the stream called Black creek, or building a new bridge in its stead, and that said commissioners report to and confer with the Committee on Roads and Bridges relative to said work.

Ordered, That W. T. Goldsby, B. F. Hawkins and G. R. Wynne be, and the same are hereby appointed as commissioners to examine as to the expediency of building a bridge on the Raleigh and Randolph road, spanning a small stream about four miles from Raleigh, and make report of the same at the April term of this Court.

The petition of J. J. Woods et als., for the establishment of a public road, having been presented to the Board, the same was, on motion, received and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Resolved, That the County Attorney be requested to confer with the Judges of the Various courts and other officials in regard to bills of cost against the county, and to take all proper means in connection with said Judges and others to save the county unnecessary expense in such matters.

The case of D. Coleman vs. James H. Hodges having been called, ordered by the Board, that the same be heard Monday, February 17, 1868.

An account in favor of the Memphis APPEAL for thirty dollars, for printing communication of P. M. Winters, Esq., Sheriff, relative to Police Commissioner Beaumont, was, on motion, unanimously rejected.

An account in favor of John Fuchette for thirteen dollars, for boarding jurors, was, on motion, referred back for Sheriff Winters' approval.

An account in favor of the Memphis *Avalanche* for thirty dollars, for printing communication of P. M. Winters, Esq., Sheriff, relative to Police Commissioner Beaumont, was, on motion, unanimously rejected.

The following accounts were allowed: Thomas Pearson, for twenty-two pairs blankets, $54; Chamberlain & Co., stationery for Chancery Court, $88 50; Chamberlain & Co., stationery for County Register, $48 75; Memphis *Post*, printing proceedings and burial blanks, $450 60; L. Samuelson, blankets and sundry small articles for the Poor house, $104.

Ordered that the Board do now adjourn to meet on Monday, February 17, 1868, at 10 o'clock.

LADIES, Misses and Children's Shoes 75c; Boy's Boots, $1; Men's good Calf Boots, $4 50. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street. Determined to sell out.

GENUINE French corsets, purchased at the late bankrupt sales, can now be had at less than half price, at retail, by calling at M. Wolf & Co.'s, 280 Main street.

THE COURTS.

U. S. COURT—*Connally F. Trigg, Judge.*—But little was done in this Court on yesterday. Court stands adjourned until Court in course, the first Monday in March, 1868.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The orders and decrees entered on yesterday were as follows:

Roszell vs Case et al, order of sale.
Wicks vs Thorpe, sale confirm'd.
Sanks vs Cockerell, order of sale.

The causes set for hearing to-day are as follows:

Bland vs Rose.
353 Balch vs Myler.
378 Harbert vs Flanle.
359 Jones vs Spencer.
325 Simmons vs Dunham.
399 Perlet v. Street.
401 Morris vs Seldon.
413 Hill vs Davie.
406 Hill vs Anderson.
409 Gayoso Savings Institute vs Connell.

The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the following cases:

Stanton vs Bradford.
Dixon vs Wicker-ham.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.* Garnishees can answer in Court to-day. Court meets this morning at the usual hour.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.* The docket was called through on the first call on yesterday. The case of the State vs. Angelo Marre commences this morning. The following order of Court was read: "All parties who have sued out warrants before magistrates, and who fail to appear and prosecute the same before the Grand Jury between this day and Friday next, will take notice that fines will be imposed against them on the bonds given before the magistrates."

OFFICIAL. R. S. CAPERS, D. C.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge, etc.*—The case of the State vs. P. R. Peyton, is in the hands of the jury. A verdict will be given to day. The criminal docket will continue to be called this week. On Monday next the trial of civil cases will commence and continue for three weeks, until the close of the term.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.*—The cases set for trial to day are:

22 Mayor and Ald. of Memphis vs N. H.
57 " " " vs Quinlan.
507 " " " vs Solon.
409 " " " vs Cens. co.
410 " " " vs Jno. Phillips.
411 " " " vs Wolf.
502 " " " vs Church.
503 " " " vs Sage.
504 " " " vs Dick.

Cases on writs of inquiry will be heard on Friday next.

GOOD quality black Alapaca, 45c; good quality all wool plaid and figured Merino, 50c. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay building. Open till 9 p.m.

Try Carter's Combined Copying and Writing Fluid, to be had at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

GOOD suits Gents' Clothing, $6; large stock of long legged and Cavalry Boots at an immense sacrifice. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay building. Open till 9 p.m.

HOSIERY of all qualities, both for ladies and gentlemen, is now lying on the counters marked in plain figures, being retailed at extremely low prices—purchased at the bankrupt sales by M. Wolf & Co., 230 Main street.

MY SHAWL!—The gentleman who received a shawl through mistake at the Overton dinner shop, will confer a favor by returning the same to
HENRY MOORE,
feb13 1t Appeal Composing Room.

Braithwait's Retrospect for 1868 just received at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

HANDKERCHIEFS, 10½ Hair Nets, 5c; first class Needles and Pins, per thousand's Hose, 42½. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay Building. Open till 9 p.m.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

LAUNDRY, 40 Jefferson street.

NOTICE.—The entire stock of Ragland Brother & Co., No. 319 Main street, will be sold at Eastern cost, for cash, until the 15th of February.
E. E. CLARKE, Assignee.

For good ash wood, go to Bigley, Mellersh & Co., coal dealers. feb6 tf

Books and Stationery, a large and well selected stock at Geo. Pattison & Co., 317 1-2 Main street.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

DO YOU WANT A FORTUNE?—Go to the office of the Phœnix Insurance Company, 280 Main street, and buy tickets in the "Grand Special Scheme of the Raleigh Springs." Tickets, $5.

For good ash wood, go to Bigley, Mellersh & Co., coal dealers. feb6 tf

Wheatley & Avent, Collecting Agents, No. 10 Bethell Block.

Fairchild's celebrated Gold Pens, very low, at 317 1-2 Main street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

Professor Villebulin would respectfully announce to the public that he will, on Saturday, the 18th of January, open, at Lee Academy, a permanent school for teaching the French Language. For the present, every Saturday, from 9 a.m to 12 m., will be devoted to the class. All who feel interested in the same are cordially invited to call at this institution on that day. The classes will be arranged to suit applicants, and the terms in accordance with the times. Ja15 1m

La Mirandes' French Remedies—Have saved thousands all over Europe, having been for many years the first assistant at Professor La Mirandes' Private Hospital in Paris, and having been introduced to establish a branch in this country, I am now prepared to furnish his celebrated remedies for Consumption, Rheumatism, Scrofula etc.; also, the genuine imported Vitella—Health's Grand Restorer—the only certain cure for a constitution shattered by the excesses and abuses of youth. Do not be tampered with by inexperienced physicians. Address your communications to Dr. G. W. Fernier, 253 West Fifth St., New York. Also, for sale, his new book, by which any person can understand their own case, sent free to any address. Ladies may address us in full confidence. jal

New Marriage Guide.—An Essay for Young Men, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, Incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, February 12, 1868.

The closing of the German Savings Bank of Memphis, which occurred to-day, though happening at a time when the minds of the people were excited to some degree by the disasters which preceded it, did not cause any excitement whatever. The liabilities of the bank are trivial—not amounting to more than $13,000, while the available assets will not fall short of $50,000 or $60,000. It was looked upon as a temporary closing, which will, we presume, only last during the present depressed state of the money market. A county officer who had funds in the bank was amply secured in the same way of collateral, as we presume were also all other depositors, while we learn that there are still large credits in favor of the bank in New York and other points.

Currency is still scarce. Shipments are overdue, and but few of our discount houses are in a condition to take cotton bills in large amounts. The buying rates are firm at ½ to ¾c discount. Selling at par. New Orleans sight is taken at 1½ to 1¾c off, and sold at ¼c premium.

Gold opened to-day in New York at 141¾c, and at noon had advanced to 141¾c. Our dealers were buying during the day at 140c for shipment with no counter demand.

City Scrip is dull. We quote at 38 to 40c buying. Selling at 42 to 45c.

County Warrants are not in request. There is no buying rate. Selling at 60 to 65c.

Police Scrip is in fair demand at 80 to 82c buying. Selling at 84 to 85c.

The National Commercial Convention closed its session at Boston on Saturday. The report of the Committee on Currency, which was adopted, declares against any present contraction or expansion of the currency; insists that national honor and good faith require that the five-twenty bonds should not be paid in currency until currency is at par with gold, recommends an equalization of currency by canceling National Bank circulation in certain cases, where the issue exceeds sixty per cent. of their capital, and the creation of new banks in other localities, with circulating notes equal to the amount so withdrawn; favors a system of free banking as soon as specie payments are restored, and the legalization of coin contracts; demands a national usury law on the basis of seven per cent., but with unlimited right to contract for higher rates; denounces the taxation of bonds as a violation of contracts, and suggests that the banks should be compelled to retain the coin interest on their deposited securities until their entire reserve is composed of hard money.

A movement is now being made in Montreal, among the merchants and others, who are sufferers by the present heavy discount on American silver in Canada, to secure the exportation of some $250,000 or $300,000, with a view to reduce the present stock in that city, and thus lessen the rate of discount. The Canadian Government has recently imposed a duty of fifteen per cent. on all American silver coin imported into the country, which is equivalent to a prohibitory duty; and this, it is thought, will effectually prevent the reimportation of the silver it is now sought to send out, except by smuggling. It is thought, however, that the scheme will not work so well as its promoters anticipate, partly because the announcement that such a measure is contemplated, will have a tendency temporarily to raise the price of silver in Montreal, and to increase the cost of exporting the silver by increasing the price which the exporters will be required to pay for it; and partly for the reason that the quantity of American silver in Canada is so large that the exportation of $300,000 will not materially affect the price for any length of time. A Toronto paper says:

Let somebody devise a practical scheme for getting a million or so of that out of the country without too much loss. Perhaps something might be done by a quiet arrangement, securing the co-operation of other cities and of the large towns in the effort which the Montrealers propose to make. That might be worth trying. Montreal alone, we fear, cannot remedy the evil.

The Liverpool cotton market was firmer at the opening to-day, Uplands 8¼ to 8¾d, Orleans 8¾ to 8¾d. At noon the market was easier, and at 5 p.m. was active, Uplands 8¾d, Orleans 8¾d. Sales for the day 20,000 bales. In New York at the opening the demand was good and prices higher with market excited, Low Middlings 20¾ to 20¾c, Uplands 21½c, Orleans 22c. The cable news received at noon had a depressing effect and prices declined, Uplands 21c, Orleans 21¾c. At 3 p.m. the market was dull with holders anxious to realize, Middlings 20¾c, Orleans 21¾c. At 4 p.m. dispatch was received quoting the market dull and prices again declined, Uplands 20½c, Orleans 21¼c, Low Middlings 19¾c. Sales for the day 2000 bales. Our market was active and firm at 19 to 19½c at the opening, but gave way under the news from New York at noon. At that time nothing could be seen upon the street with samples anxious to realize and making concessions of ½ to ¾c on the opening figures, at which rates buyers were very shy, only a few taking hold, but the panicky feeling soon gave place to a very different spirit. The closing Liverpool dispatch caused prices to jump up as quickly or more so than the fall, and by the time our market closed 19½ to 20c was the prevailing rates. Holders were firm at the outside figure. Continued stringency in the money market affects sales to a large extent. Shipping prospects are better, and in a very few days tonnage will be abundant.

Ordinary	16¾@17
Good Ordinary	17¾@18
Low Middling	18¾@19
Middling	19¾@20
Strict Middling	20¾@21
Good Middling	21¾@22

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, February 12, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	1,080
Received to-day	1,774
Received previously	192,005 191,778
	193,338
Exported to-day	1,780
Exported previously	170,142 171,922
Stock on hand and at presse	21,416

Business to-day was active, but meats are scarcer and prices higher than yesterday. Mess Pork is firm at $24 50 to 25 00. Bacon Clear Sides, 14 to 14½c. Shoulders, 12c. Bulk Clear Sides, 13 to 13½c. Clear Rib Sides, 12½ to 12¾c. Rib Sides, 12c. Shoulders, 10 to 10½c. Lard, firmer; tierces, 14c; kegs, 15c. Corn is in good supply at 82 to 85c. Oats scarce and firm at 82 to 85c. Ear corn, 75c. Bran, $37 to 38. Hay, $18 to 20. Cornmeal is in good supply at $4 50 delivered from store, and at $4 75 from store. Chickens dull at $3 50 to 4 00. Eggs, 30 to 32c. Turkeys, $12 to $15. India bagging, 22 to 24c; machine, 23 to 25c; hand, nominal. Choice Western butter, 38 to 40c; good, 35 to 37c. Western Reserve cheese, 15½ to 16c; English dairy, 17 to 18c; factory, 16½ to 17c. Rio coffee, 21 to 26c; Java, 38 to 40c. Mackerel, No. 1 kits, $2 75 to 3 00; No. 2, $2 50 to 2 75; No. 3, $2 25 to 2 50. Louisiana molasses, 80c to $1 in barrels. Potatoes, firm at $3 75 to 4 50 per barrel. Kanawha salt; $3 25 to 3 50 per barrel; sack, $3 to 3 25. Tar, per dozen kegs, $6 to 7 50. Sugars, crushed and powdered, 18 to 19c. Clarified, 16½ to 18c. Brown, 15 to 17c. Tobacco, fancy work natural leaf, $1 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1 to $1 25; medium, 80c to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1 to $1 25; common, 60 to 75c. Whisky is firm at $1 60 to $2 25 for common.

The stock market is dull for beef cattle, which are held at 5 to 6c gross for choice; No. 2, 3 to 4c; common, $15 to $20 per head. Sheep, $3 to $4 per head. Hogs are scarce and in demand at 8 to 9c; dressed hogs firm and scarce at 10 to 12c.

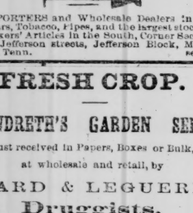
TERRY & MITCHELL,
WHOLESALE
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS
No. 329 Main Street,
Memphis, Tennessee.

HAVE DETERMINED TO SELL ALL WINTER GOODS AT
Reduced Prices.
Constantly receiving SEASONABLE GOODS directly from the manufactory, which will be offered at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
feb1 dawim

BLUFF CITY HOUSE,
No. 15 Washington Street,
WILL OPEN ON THURSDAY NEXT, from which time we will be ready to receive Boarders and transient customs. The house will be kept in good style, the table well supplied, and careful and prompt waiters to attend to the wants of our guests.
A fine Bar Room is connected with the house where the best Liquors can always be found. Lunch every morning at 10 o'clock.
feb6 1w M. LINDEMANN, Proprietor.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.
R. P. WALT & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 196 Main Street.
CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. declf

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding and Stair Material, Building and Framing Lumber, of all kinds, seasoned Oak and Walnut, clear; Planing and Scrolling and Wood Turning and House-work generally. All orders promptly attended to. Prices reduced. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. declf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS
THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS
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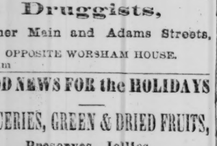
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street.
Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, &c., the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21
FRESH CROP.
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
Just received in Papers, Boxes or Bulk,
at wholesale and retail, by
WARD & LEGUERE,
Druggists,
Corner Main and Adams Streets,
OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.
Ja5 1m
GOOD NEWS FOR the HOLIDAYS
GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS,
Preserves, Jellies,
TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,
—AND—
CONFECTIONERIES
IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.
WE have recently been placed in receipt of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Jellies, and Preserves of all kinds; Sauces, Pickles, Can Fruits, Toys, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration. We mention in receipt of regular shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other green Fruits, and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience will enable us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.
Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.
Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this is appreciated is evidenced by the liberal patronage demonstrated.
Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.
L. ROCCO & CO., Importers,
290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.
decl0 2m
POPULAR WORKS ON FREEMASONRY
PUBLISHED BY THE
MASONIC PUBLISHING
—AND—
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
432 Broome Street, New York.
LITURGY OF THE ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED Scottish Rite of Freemasonry, for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States. By Albert Pike, 33d, Sov. Grand Commander. 8vo. Splendidly illustrated with Chromo-lithographic plates and numerous wood engravings. Part I. ready to 30th degree. $5 00.
It would perhaps seem unnecessary after giving the above notice of its publication to say anything further in the way of recommendation. The name of the author should of itself be a sufficient guarantee of its worth. Ill. Bro. Pike, by his learning and contributions has done as much to establish the standard of Masonic literature and extend a knowledge of its symbolism, ethics and history as any other living man. This book, in particular department, may justly be considered a master-piece, embracing matter not only meet to the Masonic student of every grade, but in many sciences in the highest literary field of the present age. Notwithstanding this work has been preceded by several of a similar character, yet to Bro. Pike alone is due the honor of first exploring this branch of Masonic literature and of opening to the admirable of the Craft its vast storehouse of information. This work contains the degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Rite from the fourth to the fourteenth inclusive, and is complete in itself. The work will be issued in eight parts, as well as one of the most useful books, ever offered to the Fraternity.
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W. N. HALDEMAN,
Louisville, Ky.
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JOHN PARK,
JACOB WELLER,
L. J. DUPREE,
Assessors.
February 5, 1868.

NEW YORK CARDS.
CONSIGN YOUR GOODS
—TO—
BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
GENERAL
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AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
PROVISIONS,
Western & Southern Produce.

TEAS,	FLOUR,
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IMMEDIATE RETURNS
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We can also handle to advantage for our Southern friends,
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A counterpart of which is about being enacted in the Southern States.
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NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.
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SAFES,
With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.
Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 100 Malden Lane, near Pearl st.,
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NEW YORK.
KAVANAGH & DECKER'S
BILLIARD TABLES
THE most reliable Cushion used on Billiard Tables is the
Cat-Gut Cushion,
Manufactured by KAVANAGH & DECKER, and patented December 5, 1865. (See Scientific American, Vol. 16, No. 1.)
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Our Latest Improved
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THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the Press, take a high rank in this country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest ordeal to which pianos can be subjected—the climate of CUBA. The FIRST PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.
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The Cat-Gut Cushion has already been applied to over 1000 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to all tables of any make, for $75 per set.
Kavanagh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, is the only complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the finest drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.
Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.
Kavanagh & Decker are the only agents in this country for Kay's Cue Cement, adjudged by competent authorities to be the best Cement ever used.
Full size Tables cut down for $100.
Send for Illustrated Price List.
KAVANAGH & DECKER,
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ALLEN HOUSE.
THIS HOUSE IS STILL OPEN, AND HAS
Reduced Transient Board to $2 per Day.
Regular Board, $8 and $9 per Week.
Day Board, $6 50 per Week.
M. ALLEN, Proprietor.
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The Staunch Steamers
COMMERCIAL AND LIBERTY NO. 2,
Leave Memphis for DeVall's Bluff
Every Tuesday and Saturday,
Connecting with Trains of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad East and West.
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Are assured that rates of freight by this line will be as low as by any other.
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Freights delivered at the door of the Consignee in Little Rock.
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Thus saving Shippers Time, Trouble, Drayage and vexations of delay.
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By this line less than by any other.
Every attention given to interests of Shippers. Freights for points above Little Rock in the Arkansas river, will receive special attention. Apply to
J. W. Robertson,
Sup't M. and L. R. R. R., Little Rock.
H. D. Parker,
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John B. Davis,
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Larry Harmstad & Co.,
Steamboat Agents, Memphis.
Levy & Miller,
No. 5 Jefferson street,
jan28 Memphis and Little Rock R. R.

MEMPHIS APPEAL
WATCH, MOTHER.
Mother, watch the little feet
Climbing the garden wall,
Bounding through the busy street,
Ranging cellar, shed and hall.
Never mind the moments lost;
Never mind the time it cost;—
Little feet will go astray—
Guide them, mother, while you may.
Mother, watch the little hand
Picking berries by the way,
Making houses in the sand,
Tossing up the fragrant hay.
Never dare the question ask,
Why to me the weary task?
These same little hands may prove
Messengers of light and love.
Mother, watch the little tongue
The first accents learning to utter;
What is said and what is sung
By the joyous, happy child.
Watch the world while yet unspoken;
Stop the vow before 'tis bro. en.
Thus some tongue may yet proclaim
Blessings in the Saviour's name.
Mother, watch the little heart,
Beating soft and warm for you;
Shrinking from each rougher part.
Keep, oh! keep that young heart true!
Extirpating every weed,
Sowing good and precious seed,
Harvest rich you then may see
Ripen for eternity.
BY TELEGRAPH.
Noon Dispatches.
BUFFALO, February 12.—In the Superior Court to-day, six highway robbers were sentenced to the Auburn State prison for an aggregate term of sixty-four years and six months. The offences for which they are imprisoned were all committed since December.
NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Among other propositions made to the Ways and Means Committee, is one from a Western delegation of whisky men, to allow them, in case the two dollars tax is retained, a "draw back," as it is termed, for cost of freight on every barrel of whisky sent to Eastern cities.
The committee are considering this proposition seriously, as they are determined to keep up the tax. Another proposition is to place the tax at fifty cents on whisky sold at wholesale, and two dollars on that disposed of by retailers.
PITTSBURG, February 12.—The river is falling, with nine feet in the channel. Ice is running out of the Monongahela.
HARRISBURG, February 12.—A bill repealing the Gettysburg lottery passed the Legislature to-day.
NEW ORLEANS, February 12.—The city election to-day resulted in the election of the Democratic (Mozart) Alderman.
NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Herald* has the following cable dispatch, dated Constantinople, 10th inst., via London, 11th inst.:
"Official advices from the seat of war in Candia, dated 26th January, have been received by the Cabinet of the Porte. The dispatches detail the movements of the Imperial troops, and call attention to the fact that the United States war steamer Ticonderoga, mounting nine guns, and forming a part of the American squadron, had just arrived off the coast of Crete under special orders from Admiral Farragut, commander of the American fleet in European waters. It is also announced, and believed in political circles of Turkey, that the remainder of the vessels of the United States fleet under Admiral Farragut, will leave Lisbon for this station at an early day and sail for the Grecian Archipelago, where they will muster in force."
HALIFAX, February 12.—In the House last night, after the Attorney General and Mr. Troop had spoken, a motion was gave notice of his intention to move a series of amendments to the repeal resolutions. Debate on the latter was resumed to-day. It is generally asserted that the delegation to England, on the subject of the repeal, will proceed by the next Inman steamer, leaving here on the 14th inst. The names of the delegates have not been published yet, but it is reported that Mr. Howe will be one.
The House will probably adjourn for several weeks.
The City of Limerick, and other vessels which arrived here, report very extensive ice-fields about midway in the Atlantic and off the coast of Newfoundland.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS,
No. 293 Main Street.
A. CORDES, : : : : : : President.
H. H. METTE, : : : : Vice President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.
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Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.
Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and Europe.
feb4 dtu
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C. T. PETERSON,
DEALER IN
The Best Pittsburg Coal
Office, No. 13 Madison Street.
CAPTAIN LARRY HARMSTAD will act as Agent, corner Main and Madison, and receive orders for the delivery of Coal. ja22 1m
PITTSBURGH
COAL
233 1-2
O A
L.
I HAVE removed my office to 233½ Main Street (by my building, where I am prepared to fill, with No. 1 Pittsburg Coal, all orders with which I may be favored.
H. B. PACKER,
Coal Dealer.
ja17 1m
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W. F. ANDERSON, Late of Hargett, Bell & Co
ATWOOD & ANDERSON,
General Commission
AND
Forwarding Merchants,
And dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Whisky, etc.
Consignments Solicited.
No. 2 Promenade Street, foot of Jefferson
ja10 1m MEMPHIS, TENN.
SUBURBAN LAND
—AND—
FOR SALE AND LEASE.
BEING DESIROUS OF DISPOSING OF MY Land, situated about three miles east of the city, in a manner to suit the times, I offer it in lots of about five acres or more, upon the following
EASY TERMS:
One-tenth payable on the 1st of January, 1869, and the balance in nine equal annual instalments, bearing six per cent. interest, payable, lesser to construct, within a fixed time, improvements of a permanent character.
Or, one-tenth cash, and the balance in ten equal annual payments, bearing interest, the parch. ser's title not to be insured nor any expense to the amount of the principal of the debt, and in case of his death before the full settlement of the debt, all liens to be canceled, and a fee simple deed to be made to his heirs; or, if we shall live to the specified time, he desires paying an annual rent at the rate of six per cent. on an agreed valuation, and having the privilege of purchasing the fee simple by paying the amount of the valuation, but binding himself to expend upon the premises thereon improvements of a substantial value.
I will also lease for a term of five or ten years, to persons able to give satisfactory references, for good character, a certain quantity of the same tract of land, for cultivating it in the usual way, without fencing.
My RESIDENCE LOT, one of the handsomest and most eligibly situated of any in the vicinity of Memphis, is also for sale cheap, for cash, or on the usual time.
Apply to Messrs. ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., or to myself at their office, 276 second st.
feb7 1m N. M. TREZEVANT.
University of Louisiana---Medical Department.
FACULTY:
A. H. CHANDLER, M.D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JOHNSON, M.D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M.D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M.D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., LL.D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEHRENS, M.D., Professor of Principles of Medicine.
STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M.D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FINLEY N. HARRISON, M.D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY,
WM. C. NEWMAN, M.D., C. J. BICKLEY, M.D.
The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 1st, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of this school, heretofore unsurpassed, will be greatly increased during the past season, so that now every Chair has attached to it a Practical Department, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the lecture room.
Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10. Payment required in advance. For further information address
PROF. S. M. BEHRENS,
Acting Dean.
J. SMITH.
SMITH & LEECH,
RECTIFIERS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,
242 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.
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LEGAL:

Case No. 34.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of John C. Lewis, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John C. Lewis, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 6th day of February A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block. feb7 lawlw

Case No. 36.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Joseph Lorey, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of